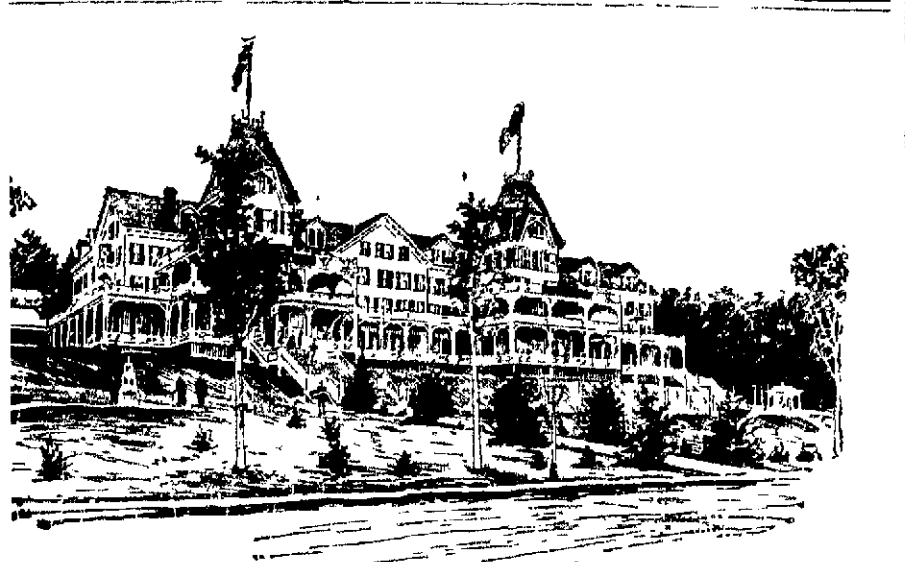


Are You Afflicted With Rupture?

If so you can be PERMANENTLY CURED without any loss of time from business. This means that you will discard your truss forever. No money required until cure is effected. All information regarding method of treatment will be cheerfully given by

M. G. WILEY, M. D.,
AMERICAN RUPTURE CURE CO.,
2 MARKET ST., PORTSMOUTH.
OFFICE HOURS:—9 to 11 A. M., 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 P. M. SUNDAYS 10 to 12 A. M.



THE HOTEL WEIRS,
ON LAKE WINNIPESAUKEE, WEIRS, N. H.
In addition just completed; entire house thoroughly renovated; modern sanitary plumbing; pure spring water; mountain and lake scenery; excellent fishing. Send for circular. A. A. GREENE, Prop., COL. F. C. WILKES, Manager.

"Justin's" Dog Bread
In 3 Pound Boxes, - - 7 Cents Pound.
In 5 Pound Boxes, - - 7 Cents Pound.
Single Pound, 10 Cents.

"Justin's" Pet Dog and Puppy Biscuit
In One Pound Cartons, 10 Cents Each.

P. Wendell & Co.,
MARKET SQUARE.

Aspinquid Park
NOW OPEN.

collection of animals.
use of building for basket picnics.
of the best localities for Society and Sunday School picnics.
minutes' walk from York Beach.

NEW HARNESS.

You Can Get One Made To Order At
JOHN S. TILTON'S
That Will Please You.

Repairing Attended to Promptly.

SHERIFF CAN'T GET ANY MONEY FOR HIS TRIP.

Another obstacle has been met by Sheriff Hayes in getting away on the long trip to Oklahoma to identify and bring back the man in custody at New Kirk, Okla., who is thought to be Julius H. McArthur and who was arrested Wednesday at Ponca City.

This is the refusal of the county commissioners to draw on the county treasurer for the funds needed for the trip without an order from the supreme court.

The money required will be the expenses for three men going and four men returning if the man is McArthur; also a liberal amount for telegraph messages and other incidentals. An order from the court has not yet been secured, nor have the extradition papers for the man arrived.

It is understood that Atty. Gen. Eastman has decided not to put the county to the expense of sending any one to Oklahoma, when the officials in Stratford county are not positive that the prisoner is the man wanted.

DEATH OF HENRY DOW.

Henry Dow, who died in Exeter on Thursday, was at one time identified with the business interests of Portsmouth, and his wife was a Portsmouth daughter.

Mr. Dow was a well known citizen of Exeter. He had been in ill health since last December, when he suffered a stroke of paralysis. During much of the time which had since elapsed he had been a patient at the hospital, but of late he had been cared for at his sister's home. His condition for the past few weeks had been hopeless.

Mr. Dow was born in Kensington on Oct. 18, 1826, the son of Nathan and Mary Dow. When a young man he went to Portsmouth, where he engaged in the shoe business, and a few years later he came to Exeter to pursue the same occupation. In 1879 he opened a shoe store there, which he conducted until less than a year ago. Mr. Dow was married in 1850 to Miss Mary R. Bowles of Portsmouth, but his only surviving relative is his sister, Mrs. Tabitha B. Tilton.

NEW HAMPSHIRE RIFLEMEN AT SEAGIRT.

In the interstate military match at Seagirt, N. J., on Friday, the New Hampshire riflemen scored a total of 900 points, for the two-hundred and five hundred yard ranges. The District of Columbia team won.

The individual scores of the New Hampshire men at two hundred yards were as follows: Knight 43, Kimball 39, Pike 42, Wilson 41, Hill 42, Sodiques 37, Warburton 43, Ellis 40, Kolse 40, Rich 44, Jackson 40, Wingate 36.

The score of the New Hampshire team at 500 yards was as follows: Knight 38, Kimball 40, Pike 37, Wilson 36, Hill 37, Sodiques 13, Warburton, 41, Ellis 34, Rolfe 41, Jackson 41, Wingate 17, Total 413.

The New Hampshire team did fairly well on the big match, as they had been able to get but little practice. The 500 yards range was the one with which they were unfamiliar.

A WORTHY EXAMPLE.

Mr. Plummer, the foreman of the workmen engaged in doing the work of the telephone company in the streets, is to be commended for abstaining from profanity, and also causing the men to do the same. The vice of cursing and swearing is so common that when a man and a company of men working in the streets under him, abstain from this sin, it is an example worthy to be spoken of. He treats his men as if they were human beings, and the work goes on well.

A CITIZEN.
Portsmouth, Sept. 8th, 1899.

CENTURY RUN TO THIS CITY.

Robson's annual century run from Salem, Mass., will take place Sept. 24. The course will be to Portsmouth, through Newburyport, and return. Nine prizes will be awarded to those who finish.

WILL COMMENCE SOON.

The officials of the navy yard have been notified that the owner of the Alhambra house will commence the work of tearing it down on Tuesday next. The equipment employees are now busy removing all the material stored therein.

THE INTERVIEWER.

"A stormy day means a dead halt," said a business man yesterday. "It is a day gone out of the six. You can't induce people to buy anything when it rains. They may want goods ever so badly, but they won't. It is simply a case of business rushing past your doors."

"A snow storm, unless it is a terror, doesn't seem to be half as bad for us. People are out, and unless it is a very cold day they are good natured."

"You see a man starts out from his house, and even if it is snowing he doesn't mind it a bit. Why? Because it carries him back to his boyhood days, and he feels young again. Ten to one he fires a snow ball at some friend. He may look a bit shamed-faced a moment later but it has gone on its way, and he feels the better for it. A boy sends a snow ball right against him, but he doesn't mind a trifle like that, and when he gets to your store he's in a mood for business. It isn't so with the women, at least not to so great a degree, but the average snow storm doesn't do so much harm."

"But when it rains it is a very different thing. A man doesn't feel like calling. He wants to get home, or to his club, and no matter what is advertised, unless he sees big money for him he will keep straight ahead. Rain filled days are bad days for us."

A NEAR-BY FAIR THAT IS POPULAR.

Elaborate preparations will make the Second annual fair of the Middlesex East Agricultural Association, at Reading, Mass., September 27th to 30th, a popular success.

Its grounds are of ample size and favorably situated, and every convenience that enterprise and hustle can bring forth is to be found within its gates. A grand stand of immense seating capacity has been erected overlooking the half mile track, which track has proven to be equally as fast as any in New England.

For the races, purses amounting to \$2,000 will tempt the fast horses of the section; and for the cattle, flower and household departments prizes, liberal in amount, will suffice to bring forth a large number of competitors.

No fair is complete without the usual Midway shows and entertainments and the managers have been careful to get only the best. Every road will lead to Reading and the fair, and for the event the Boston & Maine railroad will place reduced rate tickets to Reading at many of its stations.

TAKING UNJUST ADVANTAGE OF THE LAWS.

Says the Portsmouth correspondent of the Manchester Union:

There are employed at this navy yard not less than forty men who take advantage of the laws of the yard to the detriment of many of the business men of this section. Hardly a day goes by but what some creditor comes there and asks to see some employe, and the story is ever the same. The men who are working there, all of good pay, simply tell the party that they are working for the government and that they can't be trusted, and that they do not propose to pay a single cent. The pay these men get allows them to live in comfort, and refusing to pay their honest bills, makes it hard upon those they owe. One of the specifications on the application of these men is, that they be of good character. Taking advantage of this clause, the men who are being cheated out of their rightful due are to take steps to bring the matter to the attention of the Navy department, and are organizing with the view of getting their payment, if it is possible.

SHIPS FROM THIS YARD MAY GO TO NEW YORK.

A Washington dispatch to the New York Journal today says that the U. S. S. Resolute, Eagle and Yankton, all now at this yard, have been ordered to go to New York to take part in the great naval parade upon the arrival of Dewey.

The Resolute is already fit to sail, but the Yankton and Eagle are undergoing repairs, which will have to be hastened if the vessels are to reach New York by the 28th of this month.

CONVICTED.

The court marshal in the case against Dreyfus at Rennes returned a verdict of conviction at noon today.

CITY BRIEFS.

The golf season is over at York. The September Granite Monthly is out.

A hurricane is reported moving up the coast.

Quite a group of guests remain at Greencroft.

The stock taking at the shoe factory is progressing slowly.

Special trains will run from this city to the Rochester fair.

It will be lawful to shoot partridges one week from today.

Haven park seems to have dropped out of the popular mind.

The work of putting the wires underground goes on expeditiously.

The dry goods business shows a gain with the coming of September.

It was a year ago Thursday that the First N. H. V. returned from Chicago.

The erstwhile surf bathers may now be found riding on mountain buckboards.

The tend of travel to Wallis Sands tomorrow will be a lively one, with nice weather.

Just as the leaves are turning resplendent, the summer tourists are turning homeward.

The walls of the new annex to the Middle street church are well above the ground now.

The New Hampshire Letter Carrier association will meet in Concord a week from Sunday.

Quite a crowd of Somersworth sports came down this afternoon to see Ball race with Howard.

A number of the local newspaper men are planning to take in the Coon club's outing at The Weirs.

Portsmouth sportsmen are due to be leaving for the Maine woods, but none of them seem to be going.

The proposed Wallis Sands pavilion will go far toward popularizing that pretty stretch of sea coast.

Several Portsmouth families still linger at Hedding, loath to leave the beautiful cottage-city among the pines.

Interest in legal circles is commencing to center on the approaching trial of Harry Hough at Concord, next month.

This is great weather for trying out horses, and several of the city stable keepers are exercising their favorite steppers every day.

The boot and shoe manufacturer, owing to the further advance in leather, have decided to rise the price of boots and shoes 10 to 25 per cent.

A large number of Maine G. A. R. veterans passed through here this morning, enroute for home from the National encampment at Philadelphia.

There's a nipping and eager air up in New Hampshire. Or are these frequent reports of frost only mountain resort advertisements?—Boston Herald.

The American Horse Breeder thinks that "Tom Marsh is liable to beat the world's trotting record within three years with Who Is It (4) 2 10 1 2."

But little falling off is visible in the travel on the P. K. & T., for this glorious weather tempts scores every day to take the picturesque trip to the Beach.

Today many business men in a hurry dated their letters "9, 9, '99." It will be a long time before a similar combination of 9 appears, as a London paper remarks.

Arrived today, schooners G. D. Buchanan, Capt. Fletcher, for Philadelphia, with 755 tons coal; Lydia M. Deering, Captain Swain, from Philadelphia, with 1848 tons coal. Fred Gower, Captain Randall, from Baltimore, with 1221 tons of coal.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, ss. LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this sixth day of December, A. D. 1899.

A. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

To Cure Constipation Forever. Take Casson's Candy Cathartic, 10c or 25c. M. C. C. Co. sell to cure, druggists refund money.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Viola Allen will probably be seen here the coming winter.

The performances at Music hall will commence promptly at eight o'clock.

A special concert programme will be rendered previous to each performance at Music hall.

The ladies' reception room at Music hall was thronged with patrons on Thursday evening.

A trolley party of twenty-one people from Rye will attend the performance at Music hall on Monday evening.

The gallery seats are being upholstered complete and that part of the theatre will be as neat and cosy as any other section.

Emery and Nodine, who are with the Empire Stock company, supporting Joseph Greene, are two of the most clever artists in the vaudeville profession. Their act is one of the strongest ever seen on any stage and will be presented here with the Empire Stock company.

"A very satisfactory performance," was Dover's verdict on Eight Bells.

The No. 2 Way Down East company has begun rehearsals in Boston. It comes here.

A troupe of monkeys have been trained to play Hamlet.

It is said that J. M. Barrie has a larger revenue from the stage version of his Little Minister than any successful professional man makes in a lifetime. Already it has yielded him more than \$200,000; and to that sum may be added another \$50,000 for the publishing rights of the novel. Many a gold mine has yielded much less than this little book of about 110,000 words.

AT THE NAVY YARD.

The order regarding apprentices in another column will be read with interest.

Quite a number from the yard are planning to take in the Dewey celebration.

Six painters were required on Friday to assist in painting the Raleigh's bottom.

It will take two years to complete the repairs on the Raleigh. The work on her bottom is about completed.

Commander J. G. Eaton, U. S. N., was a guest of Commander Lyons on board the Dolphin on Friday afternoon.

POLICE COURT.

Ernest Brann was arraigned before Judge Emery at 10 o'clock this forenoon on the charge of drunkenness. Brann is a likely enough fellow, so he was put on probation. A sentence of 30 days in jail, with costs of \$6.90, was suspended, on condition that he leave town before 3 o'clock this afternoon and stay away from Portsmouth for one year.

"Now good digestion waits on appetite, and health on both."

If it doesn't, try Burdock Blood Bitters.

EDUCATE YOUR BOWELS WITH CASCARET.

Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 25c. M. C. C. Co. sell to cure, druggists refund money.

The Bachelor.

Foibles are what keeps every woman from being a freak.

"Cheap" cynicism is the kind every other cynic has except you.

When love gambles it always plays to the limit, and either breaks the bank or itself.

To woo a woman properly a man must first win her.

Before a girl is 20 you can never tell whether she is in love or her stomach is out of order.

The woman of experience can have faith in no man except her father, and then she is fooled to death.

Every woman believes if her husband were more just to her she would play to better purpose and make crisp waffles.

The man who doesn't brag about the salad dressing he can make hasn't got conceit enough to care if his hat is smashed in.

A man without any religion at all may not be mainly, but a woman without any religion at all isn't even feminine.

At the age of 25 a man must be either engaged or married, or else the women begin to wonder why he doesn't behave himself.

To be fascinating to a young man a woman must never admit that she is not in love; to be fascinating to an old man she must never admit that she is.

Every man knows he can always get a woman's sympathy if he can only get up a good hard-luck story.

A girl may think that de fole gras sounds nice, but she can catch a lot more men with raspberry turn-over.

When the average woman tries to get sarcastic, she reminds you of a bay mare trying to kick the eyes out of a mosquito.

It doesn't take a man very long after he gets married to get over being proud of the way his dog will do what he tells him.

The average person's beliefs in the hereafter are based on the idea that that people are divided into good and bad, with no middling.

MAY GET PICKING'S PLACE.

The present understanding at the navy department is that Admiral Sampson relinquishes his command of the North Atlantic squadron, Oct. 3, immediately following the conclusion of a reception of Admiral Dewey. The vacancy in the Boston navy yard caused by the death of Admiral Picking will offer an opportunity for a suitable shore command for the admiral if he desires it.

TOCURE LA GRIFFE IN TWO DAYS.

Take Laxative Brome Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

BARGELOAD OF MERRY-MAKERS.

About twenty five sailors from the U. S. S. Yankton are enjoying a ride around the city and out along the suburban roads this afternoon, in one of Beacham's barges. The barge is decorated and the party is supplied with horns which are kept tooting. The jolly crowd made a circuit of the principal streets.

GEN. HENRY AT NEWCASTLE.

General Guy V. Henry, U. S. A., late governor general of Porto Rico, is visiting his daughter, Mrs. Benton, at Newcastle. He arrived on Friday evening and will remain several days. Gen. Henry is one of the most distinguished guests that Newcastle has had this season.

A CHANCE FOR EVERY MAN, WOMAN AND CHILD TO SAVE MONEY.
BIG BARGAIN SHOE SALE AT
Duncan's Shoe Store.
3 Market Street

Men's \$2.00 and \$2.50 Oxfords, Bal and Congress, marked down to	\$1.49	Ladies' \$3.00 Tan Polish (latest styles) marked down to	2.49
Men's \$1.50 Silk Testing Tan, Good, Welt Bala marked down to	2.59	Ladies' \$2.50 Tan Polish (up-to-date), marked down to	1.99
Men's \$3.00 Russet Vic, Tan, Box calf and Russia calf hair in Welt, latest shapes, marked down to	2.59	Ladies' \$2 Nobby Varsity Tan Polish, marked down to	1.49
Men's \$2.5 Russia Bala, marked down to	2.19	Ladies' \$1.50 Welt, bottom and lace (up-to-date), full toes, marked down to	99
Ladies' \$3.00 Tan and Black Bala Boots, marked down to	2.47	Ladies' \$2.00 Cloth Top Bala Boots marked down to	1.23

Dr. Hay's Hair-Hea
The sale of Dr. Hay's Hair-Hea is the best in the world. It is a health-giving tonic, and its use can be made by your best friend. It is a health-giving tonic, and its use can be made by your best friend. It is a health-giving tonic, and its use can be made by your best friend.

FREE
Cut out and send to Dr. Hay's Hair-Hea for a free trial. This is a health-giving tonic, and its use can be made by your best friend. It is a health-giving tonic, and its use can be made by your best friend. It is a health-giving tonic, and its use can be made by your best friend.

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SEND
Cut this ad. out and send to Dr. Hay's Hair-Hea for a free trial. This is a health-giving tonic, and its use can be made by your best friend. It is a health-giving tonic, and its use can be made by your best friend. It is a health-giving tonic, and its use can be made by your best friend.

THE ACNE QUI
The ACNE QUI is a health-giving tonic, and its use can be made by your best friend. It is a health-giving tonic, and its use can be made by your best friend. It is a health-giving tonic, and its use can be made by your best friend.

HAIR-HEALTH.

The sale of three million bottles of this elegant hair dressing in the United States and Great Britain in 1898, proves that it is a hair dressing that does all that is claimed for it.

actor May's **HAIR-HEALTH** Every Bottle **WARRANTED**

It restores gray, white or faded hair to its original color and gives it the required nourishment and moisture. It is made of black mousellin de sole, with white silk spots on it, broiled on it in relief rather close together.

It is made up over a skirt of white satin, veiled with pale blue mousellin de sole which produces the effect of a shot material. The satin skirt is skin tight, the fullness increasing from about half-way down to about forty centimetres from the bottom, at which point it widens very considerably down to the ground. The two lighter materials are slightly supported a round the waist, and follow the move-

FREE SOAP OFFER

Good for 25c. cake HARFINA SOAP.

Dr. May's Hair-Health is a hair dressing that does all that is claimed for it. It restores gray, white or faded hair to its original color and gives it the required nourishment and moisture. It is made of black mousellin de sole, with white silk spots on it, broiled on it in relief rather close together.

GUARANTEE—Any person purchasing Dr. May's Hair-Health who has not had the hair dressing before, will receive a cake of Harfina Soap, by adding LONDON SUPPLY CO., 833 Broadway, New York, to the order.

Following druggists supply Hair-Health and Harfina Soap in their shops only.

All The Leading Druggists.

EST YOU EVER SAW.

THE FALL SUIT we have decided to make this season for a leader surpasses anything that has ever been offered in fall goods at the price in this city.

The Oldest Tailoring Establishment in Portsmouth Will Continue To Lead.

WILLIAM P. WALKER

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Market Square, Portsmouth.

THE MAN OF THE HOUR

A Magnificent Portrait Of....

ADMIRAL DEWEY

In Ten Colors (size, 14x21 inches)

It is now being printed for us on heavy plate paper in form suitable for framing, by one of the largest art lithograph houses in America, in the famous French style of color-plate work. Every American citizen will want one of these handsome pictures of Admiral Dewey. It must be remembered that the picture will be in no sense a cheap chromo, but will be an example of the very highest style of illuminated printing. It will be an ornament to any library or drawing-room. Our readers can have the Dewey portrait at what costs us (namely, ten cents per copy) by merely filling out the coupon below, and sending it to this office at once. There will be such a demand for this portrait that it is published that we advise sending orders in advance. As many copies may be desired can be had on one coupon, providing ten cents is sent for each copy. Write name and address plainly, and remit in coin or postage stamps.

To THE PORTSMOUTH HERALD, Portsmouth, N. H.

For the enclosed remittance of.....cents, send me.....copies of the ADMIRAL DEWEY PORTRAIT in colors as described in your paper.

Name.....

Address.....

SEND US ONE DOLLAR

Get this ad. and send to us with \$1.00, and we will send you a copy of the "ACME QUEEN" in color-plate work. You can examine it at your nearest retail dealer, or you can order it direct from us. It is the greatest value ever offered in the world. It is a portrait of the "ACME QUEEN" in color-plate work. It is a portrait of the "ACME QUEEN" in color-plate work. It is a portrait of the "ACME QUEEN" in color-plate work.

THE ACME QUEEN is one of the most famous and envied portraits in the world. It is a portrait of the "ACME QUEEN" in color-plate work. It is a portrait of the "ACME QUEEN" in color-plate work. It is a portrait of the "ACME QUEEN" in color-plate work.

WARRANTED 25 YEARS

RELIABILITY IS ESTABLISHED

CHICAGO, ILL.

WOMEN'S REALITY

A PRETTY EVENING DRESS.

Black and White Spotted Moussellin de Sole Over Pale Blue.

The engraving gives a good idea of a pretty costume for dinner or a small evening party, with effects produced by the blending of tulle one over the other. It is made of black mousellin de sole, with white silk spots on it, broiled on it in relief rather close together.



AN EFFECTIVE EVENING DRESS. The skirt is trimmed around the bottom with six rows of black velvet No. 3, running all around the skirt and about their own width apart. The lowest row forms an edging.

The corsage is of the same material as the skirt. It is cut very low and square, all around it is gathered at the waist and widens "en corbeille" in the upper part. The edge is ornamented with a band of blue and white shot, embroidered with a pompadour garland of small roses and foliage in their natural colors. The waistband is made of three rows of black velvet, showing the material of the corsage between them. It is wider at the sides than in front or behind and fastens in the centre in front with a long toggle-buckle in gold in two tones. The sleeves are long, with nothing between them and the arm. The material is slightly gathered in the upper part along the inner seam, so as to form a slight drapery. The lower part is ornamented with bands of black velvet running around in the style of the skirt. The cuffs are frilled and gathered and fall over the hand.

The headpiece is composed of a tuft of pale blue feathers and a black aigrette placed in the centre of the hair rather far back.

Brushing Hair Backwards. Have you tried brushing your hair the wrong way? I know a little woman whose hair had long been thin and scraggy. She was in despair, having used a host of different tonics without benefit. When a French maid suggested brushing the hair the wrong way, assuring her mistress that in Paris this was a favorite way of grooming the hair.

The American woman decided to try the experiment. Her maid carefully divided the hair into many small parts and then, with a huge and very stiff brush, began her work. Holding the extreme end of the strand to be brushed in her left hand, she started at the bottom of it and brushed up toward the head. After each strand had gone through this process the maid smoothed each hair back into its original position.

Now the woman brushes her hair in this manner each night and morning. She declares it has proved more beneficial than an expensive tonic.

Eternal Youth in Skirts. That is what this skirt shows. A dress will outlast its linings many times over. Especially that part of the lining which swings against the



CAGED BEAUTIES.

Exposed for Sale to the Passer-By in an Algerian Town.

Mr. William Shark describes in London Literature a visit, while in Algeria, to a street of caged women. It seems to be forbidden to Europeans after dark, but he wandered in, partly through incident, partly through curiosity. He writes:

"Some women were in barred rooms and some in cages, offered for sale."

"The woman in the first cage I passed was rather pretty, and though her hair was dark, she had pale blue eyes. Her long, loose tresses were everywhere clasped with little blue brooches, and I noticed that her lips, the end of her ears and her finger tips were stained a dull red. She accosted me in Moorish-French, and asked me if I would not like to take her away from these Jackals of Moors and Arabs. I said I was a stranger, a wayfarer, and if here to-day might be far to-morrow. She told me she was not an Arab (Allah be praised!) and not a Moor, either, but a Kouloours—that is, the child of a Moorish woman by a Turkish father."

"One girl's face and manner impressed me greatly. She was not beautiful, hardly pretty, but she had a singularly winsome face, with large, fine gazelle-like eyes. She was a European, a Spaniard from one of the Balearic Isles. Strangely, she was very fair with blonde hair of a dusky gold sheen. She had been taken to Oran, at the extreme western end of Algeria, by a Spanish naval officer, and there in a few weeks been deserted. For some months she was a derelict in that old Hispano-Mauresque town. After her child was born she had gone inland, to hill-set Tlemcen, the old Moorish city that stands within a sight of the frontier of Morocco. There a rich Moor had taken her to his harem. On his death, a few months later, she had been purchased by a Jew from Algiers, and straightway sold to a young Turk at Bona. The Turk, when tired of her, disposed of his property to an Arab Sheikh, who had grown tired of her in turn and placed her in the street cage, an article for sale. For some minutes I stood talking to the poor, imprisoned creature, when a passing guard took notice of the incident and whispered to me in French to move away at once and return to the foreign quarter. He had passed on before I could say a word. The next moment I perceived the evil countenance of a Jewish-looking Moor, behind the cage of the Oran woman. He was her owner, and had been listening to our conversation. When he discovered that he had not a purchaser to deal with he came forward brusquely.

"Do you want her or not?" he demanded in a gruff, general Algerian French. "No," I then bowed off with my, infidel dog, and by the way you came if you value your skin!"

HER MANY OFFICES.

Secretary, Treasurer and General Manager of an Electric Co.

These are the positions held by Mrs. Eva E. Tutts, of San Pedro, Cal., Among Other Accomplishments She is a Skilled Engineer and First-Class Electrician.

Mrs. Eva E. Tutts, in her position of Secretary, Treasurer and General Manager of the Long Beach and San Pedro (Cal.) Electric Company, is an other example, and a brilliant one of the successful woman of business.

Mrs. Tutts is a skilled engineer and electrician. She had many obstacles to overcome before she obtained a franchise giving her the right to operate an electric plant to supply light and heat and power in Long Beach, which she immediately began negotiating for the purchase of property and the necessary machinery and electrical equipment.

On July 25, 1895, the plant was in successful operation, and it is stated by experts that the services have been continuous and growing to the present time.

FLY CASTING.

In your angling notes, says a writer in the London Standard, you mention the capture of a swallow by a salmon fisher in the Esk, the bird being hooked foul, and remark that, though the story is true, the incredulous will find some difficulty in swallowing it. The following story is true, and still more remarkable. I was fishing on the Wily, on the Boyton Manor water, in Wiltshire, some years ago. In casting across I got "hung up" on a tree on the further bank, and in trying to disengage my line broke off the greater part of the cast and fly, which were left in a tangled mass, quite visible on the tree. While considering how to recover it, I noticed a swallow hovering close by in a curious way, and then saw that it has taken the fly, a quill gnat, and, after a few struggles, hung there suspended with beak open. I was not wading, and could not get over the river without going a long way round, so there I had to leave the poor bird.

But I was destined to have other experiences that afternoon. The swallows were flying in great numbers near the surface of the water, and in casting, as my line was at its full extent behind me, it hooked a swallow foul, and I found the last foot or two of the cast and fly, and round its body. A few minutes later, just as I was casting forward, I felt a violent check, heard a snap, and found I had hooked another swallow some feet above the ground, and this time the shock had broken my top. I disengaged the bird, put on a spare top and fished on with some trepidation. But though the swallows were still numerous, the experience was not repeated. Of other queer catches I may mention that I have several times hooked bats foul when fishing late in the evening on the same stream, and very nasty customers they were to disentangle. I have also struck them with my rod when casting forward.

will end with another more chapter. This time it was the Gloucestershire Coln, at Fairford, some five years ago. I saw a water vole, swimming across and cast idly over him, when to my astonishment and consternation he dived, and my fly caught in his hind leg as he did so. He gave me a lot of sport—it was like playing a pound trout—and the rod was not a bit overwinded. I got him at last, and I could use the landing net he set off across the country, and had taken my line through two hedges before I could check him. On this occasion I had a friend with me who saw the whole thing. The other instances you must take my word for. They are absolutely true. I have not space to detail them, but I can assure you that they are not a bit exaggerated.

EMBARRASSMENT.

The ancient Egyptian custom of writing upon stone was the occasion of embarrassment, now and then.

For instance, it is said that a certain Pharaoh, whose name is withheld, was much disturbed once upon a time to see a man approaching with a bowler in his hand.

"Who is he?" asked the King, in great anxiety.

"He is an assassin, who intends throwing yonder rock at your Majesty," answered a slave, affably.

"I thought possibly he was an augur," exclaimed the Pharaoh, vastly relieved.

As the shrewd reader will doubtless have conjectured, times change but human nature does not.—Detroit Journal.

THE BABY'S DIARY.

The latest fad among fond and youthful mothers is a diary of baby's "concoctions and doings." The books are intended for baby's personal use, and she shall have attained years of maturity. The uninitiated will ask inquiringly, "What is a baby book?"

It is a book in which all baby's wonderful sayings and doings are recorded from the day upon which he made his first bow to this cold world. The first page in the book has blank spaces, which when filled in tell the story of baby's life, how much he weighed, the color of his eyes and hair, and at the bottom of all this wonderful information are the signatures of the parents, nurse and doctor who welcomed him.

The book is very beautifully and appropriately illustrated. All the important events in baby's life are here recorded. One enthusiastic young mother is keeping a faithful record of her baby's first two years of life, because, she says, it will be interesting for him to read it over when he is President of the country or filling some high office."

HER MANY OFFICES.

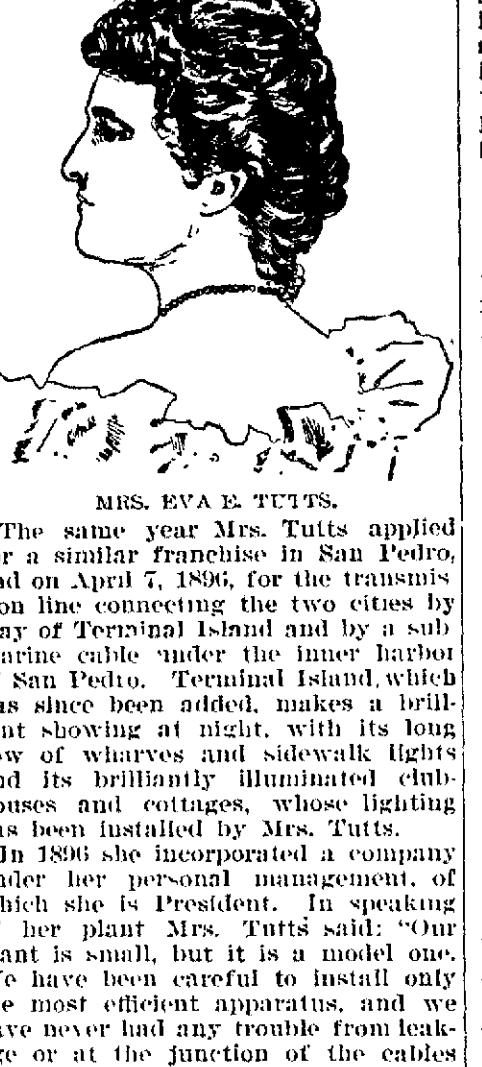
Secretary, Treasurer and General Manager of an Electric Co.

These are the positions held by Mrs. Eva E. Tutts, of San Pedro, Cal., Among Other Accomplishments She is a Skilled Engineer and First-Class Electrician.

Mrs. Eva E. Tutts, in her position of Secretary, Treasurer and General Manager of the Long Beach and San Pedro (Cal.) Electric Company, is an other example, and a brilliant one of the successful woman of business.

Mrs. Tutts is a skilled engineer and electrician. She had many obstacles to overcome before she obtained a franchise giving her the right to operate an electric plant to supply light and heat and power in Long Beach, which she immediately began negotiating for the purchase of property and the necessary machinery and electrical equipment.

On July 25, 1895, the plant was in successful operation, and it is stated by experts that the services have been continuous and growing to the present time.



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WOMAN AS LETTER CARRIER.

There recently retired from the Bristol Eng. Post Office a postwoman who was born in 1825, and who must have been delivering letters for the best part of sixty years. She was seventy-two years of age when she retired, and it is estimated that she must have walked a quarter of a million miles during her long service. Although she served a very sparsely populated district, she was never stopped or molested in any way on her rounds, and it is needless to say that she gained the respect of all with whom she came in contact. The Lords of her Majesty's Treasury, recognizing the exceptional circumstances of this woman's service, granted her half pay in the shape of pension, and the inhabitants of her native village took the occasion of her retirement to present her with a handsome testimonial.

Another postwoman in the Bristol district has just succeeded her aunt as sub-Postmistress, the latter having served for forty-seven years and reached the astonishing age of ninety-five. The niece had served for forty-two years as postwoman, so that she must be well on to sixty on taking up her new appointment.

VIRTUES OF FRUIT JUICE.

Pure grape juice, says an authority on foods, is invaluable in either sickness or health. It is both food and medicine, and is more and more used by physicians. Oranges and apples make a delicious juice, but small fruits are more valuable. Currants, used alone or mixed with a third of raspberries are more so, and the huckleberry and elderberry yield products not to be despised. Blackberries, field or garden, are valuable medicinal agents, and the poorest cherry, unadorned as a fruit, becomes nectar when made into a drink.

VIOLET ALL THE RAGE.

The Perfume of the Season—Many Have Their Own Formula.

Violet is the perfume of the season. From the tips of her fingers to the heel of her foot the well-groomed woman suggests this flower's sweetness. It is quite common for dainty women to have their own individual perfume formulated as they fancy it should be—for there are violets and violets. Some like one combination and others another, so it is easy to take one's perfume into one's confidence and have a secret formula agreed upon. Even after that perfume is known by its owner's name and no one else can steal its sweetness.

For the bath, dainty femininity has violet water, and after the rubbing of delicately scented violet powder is used, and there is violet in the tonic for the hair. Violet tooth washes are used, and there are even perfumed bon-bons, while a tiny rouge pencil for the lips is violet scented.

From the walls of a woman's wardrobe hang tufted pads breathing blossoms of violets, and every least nook for feminine finery holds a suggestion of violet fragrance. Tiny sachet bags are tucked here and there in the folds of perfumed flannel, goes in strips into the tailor made gowns and in hat linings, while violet tablets are tucked into Ascot ties and the glove palm and loosely thrown into coat pockets.

CURIOUS COSMETICS.

Even in the unhappy ages when people knew nothing of the bath and its rejuvenating properties, noted beauties found out the secret of preserving their loveliness by alchemical aids. Isabeau of Bavaria heard that chickweed was good for the skin and had enormous decoctions brewed from it, in which she bathed daily. Hans of Poitiers was another cleanly coquette and plunged into a tub of rain water every morning.

The eighteenth century beauties likewise believed in bathing; but they put all sorts of odd infusions into the water to improve the skin—such as the bullion in which the real had been boiled, water distilled from the honey extracted from roses, a preparation of almonds, melon juice, the milky juices of green barley, linseed distilled with Melleen balm dissolved by the yolk of an egg. These remarkable decoctions were freely used by the ladies at the courts of Louis, before the Revolution.

Queen Marie Antoinette made liberal use of the bath, putting into the water wild thyme, laurel leaves, marjory, and a little sea salt.

Marie Czestwertynska, the Russian beauty who exercised so great an influence over Czar Alexander I., used to bathe in Malaga wine.

The Marchioness Devout, Princess Eckmuhl, was at eighty-five renowned for her queenly carriage, superb eyes and beautiful color, her skin being so white as to rival the snow of her abundant locks. She had never used anything but pure water on her face, and always kept to a very simple diet, even when her table was loaded with good cheer for her guests.

She remained equally attractive to her last hour, although in her youth she had been one of the prettiest women of her time. Her daughter, Mme. de Bloqueville lived to be just such another white-haired beauty and was noted in her old age for dressing with consummate taste and elegance.



IDEAS IN LADIES' NECKWEAR FOR THE SPRING.

Where Care Is Required.

A woman who wished to have an old gown stiffened with hair cloth engaged to do the work a general utility woman who could do anything in the way of sewing. There was nothing she could not do, and do very well. She put in the haircloth, put fresh velvet on the gown, and the owner there of congratulated herself that it was so well done. The haircloth was put in smoothly, the bottom of the skirt was not pulled out of shape, and the velvet was not drawn in a way to make the skirt gather, faults that incompetent individuals frequently commit. But the after results were not so good. Before long the skirt began to show here and there a black hair on the outside, sometimes a long one, sometimes a short one. It was untidy, and they were pulled out. Then there were more and more which were also pulled out until a good part of the haircloth was gone and at last most of that remaining had curled over and lay in a wrinkled bunch between the lining and the skirt. Haircloth should be put in most carefully and every edge stitched or bound, and the whole firmly fastened into place, or there is sure to be trouble in the end, and more than double the work that might have been put in in the first place.

TWO BRIGHT CALIFORNIA GIRLS.

California has two shepherdesses—not of the Dresden china variety but clad in overalls, boots and jumpers, with guns instead of crooks. The two are Guselle and Louise Lahm, aged respectively eighteen and nineteen. They have always lived in Mendocino County. Their father "took up" 10,000 acres of land there and started a sheep ranch. He taught his daughters to ride, shoot, tend sheep and perform other arduous pioneer duties. On his death the girls assumed sole charge of the great sheep ranch, now valued at \$50,000. Despite their rough life and many hours a day spent in the saddle engaged in man's work the girls are gentle and thoroughly feminine in manner and are held in the highest respect throughout the whole county.

TO MAKE BATHROOMS ATTRACTIVE.

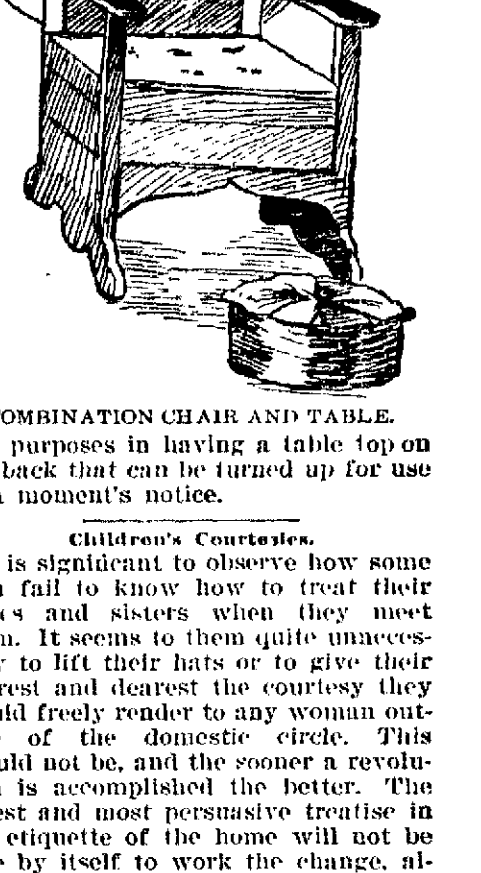
No matter how small a bathroom it can always be made fresh, dainty and comfortable, if properly fitted up with the many labor saving and comfort giving appliances that are now obtainable.

It is well to have the walls and floor match if possible. Should tiles or hardwood be too expensive, there are many attractive designs in the paper that look well on the walls, and by treating the floor with linoleum in a corresponding design a charming effect is produced. Many of the tubs are of porcelain, but if this is not the case they can be made to resemble porcelain by painting them white. In front of a tub nothing is prettier than the fresh-looking white bath mat. The sponges can be kept sweet and clean by placing them in open racks suspended over the tub. These racks come in nickel and are most desirable, but those made of the twisted wire answer the purpose exactly as well and are less expensive. They are pretty when enameled to match the tub or the prevailing tone of the room.

Two or three shelves placed conveniently are not too many, and when enameled with white they give an air of freshness to the room. The china mugs toothbrush holders, soap dishes, etc., are more dainty than those of silver and much easier to keep clean. Of course, there is almost an unlimited number of bathroom conveniences, but with a few dollars and a small outlay of thought bathrooms can be made much more attractive and convenient than they are generally.

COMBINATION CHAIR AND WORK TABLE.

This chair is one of the newest pieces in furniture. It shows the fine, simple lines and plain carving of the best cabinet makers, and serves also two purposes in having a table top on the back that can be turned up for use at a moment's notice.



CHILDREN'S COURTESY.

It is significant to observe how some men fail to know how to treat their wives and sisters when they meet them. It seems to them quite unnecessary to lift their hats or to give their nearest and dearest the courtesy they would freely render to any woman outside of the domestic circle. This should not be, and the sooner a revolution is accomplished the better. The ablest and most persuasive treatise in the etiquette of the home will not be able by itself to work any change, although it would be helpful toward that end. What is needed is the right training of boys and girls. Courteous behavior should be enforced by parents in the same way as other good qualities are taught.

One of the most successful instructors of the young in our day bears this testimony: "People complain of the way children behave and lay the blame of their behavior on the day school, but if they would only make the children do at home as they are required to do in school, matters would be different. They laugh at the child when he lifts his hat or says 'Please' or 'Thank you,' forgetting that others are trying to make up for their neglect of duty." This word in season should stir up parents to a sense of the importance of cultivating by precept and example the requirements of domestic etiquette.

AGES OF FRENCH BRIDES.

The Hachette Almanac for the current year gives some very interesting statistics as to the age of brides in France. Only 13 out of 100 young women marry between the ages of fifteen and twenty. From twenty to twenty-five years the average is 99 out of 100. The farther from ten to twenty-five years the maid travels the slimmer are her chances for marriage; still up to thirty years the nuptial chimera ring out for 22 out of 100.

Maids from thirty to thirty-five years have 12 chances in 100; from thirty-five to forty years, 6; and from forty to forty-five years only 5 in 100. There is only one lucky female in 100 who marries when between forty-five and fifty years old.

It must not be supposed, however, that after fifty oblivion covers the heart of "blatant maids." Even when between the years of sixty and sixty-five there is a chance for one maid among 365.

The strongest competitors maids have to encounter are the widows, for they marry with equal if not better chances than their sisters.

A Notion About Framing. Do not press a sleeve or dress waist seam on a flat surface. Keep a board for the purpose made from a rolling pin sawed in half lengthwise, so that it will rest firmly on a table beneath the weight of the iron, and then cover it as you would an ironing board. It supplies just what is needed, a curved smooth surface.

MONSTER PARADE.

ATURES OF THE G. A. R. ENCAMPMENT.

Veterans Greeted With Hearty Cheers All Along the Line of March—Presidential Party Royal Entertainment—Naval Review to Take Place Friday.

Philadelphia, Sept. 5.—There never been a more imposing feature at national G. A. R. encampments as the parade here which was participated in by upward of 12,000 persons—Veterans, Sons of Veterans, and many organizations. Those who took part in the parade were given a rousing ovation all along the line of march and there were enthusiastic cheers from more than two hundred thousand spectators for those who were the trials, perils and hardships of a bloody war from '61 to '65, as they took time to march music and the sound of thirty brass bands through the principal streets of the city.

The city hall, from a magnificently draped stand, the monster parade reviewed by President McKinley and members of the Cabinet. The procession was a long one, and it occupied a little more than two hours in passing the reviewing stand. The parade was practically the whole of the day's program and when it was concluded the veterans "broke camp" and returned to their quarters. The Presidential party was served luncheon in the offices of Director Rock of the Department of Public Affairs. In the evening President McKinley and his party will walk from hotel to the Academy of Music, where, after listening to addresses by Mr. Ashbridge, Governor Stone and others, he will be called upon to make a speech of the evening. After coming with this request the President will repair to Odd Fellows' Temple, where he will participate in the festivities of the day's festival. It is expected that he will address the diners, and also be present. On Wednesday morning President McKinley will visit the Naval Veterans' "Dog Club" in the Academy of Music, where the veterans were forming for the feature of the day's festival. President McKinley and the members of his party, Admiral Sampson and his staff, together with other national dignitaries, as well as some of the city's leading local committees, went to the review of the parade in motor cars, automobiles and private cars. They met the head of the parade at Broad street and turned on the parade, which was led by the city hall to witness the passing of the section of the pageant.

Cuban Tobacco Crop Short.

Havana, Sept. 5.—Prominent tobacco planters here say the enormous decrease of \$7,000,000 in the tobacco output of Cuba for 1905 was due principally to the war. The constant tendency to increase tobacco exports, to increased consumption by foreign governments, and the Havana climate. The principal cause to aid the tobacco industry, it is said, is to improve the roads in the interior, where the cost of transportation is great. This would enable products to come to the Havana market in competition with products from the United States, such as cigars, as it is now impossible to count on account of the great cost of transportation over bad roads.

Chicago Platform Democrats.

New York, Sept. 5.—Chicago Platform Democrats held a mass meeting at Cooper Union, at which ex-Governor P. Altgeld of Illinois, James P. Smith of Kentucky, and Congressman Lantz of Ohio, were the principal speakers. The object of the meeting was to endorse the Chicago platform to carry on the campaign in its entirety. A tremendous crowd in the city, which was packed from side to side, the speeches were all received much enthusiasm.

Americans Beat Filipinos.

Manila, Sept. 5.—Five men of Col. A. B. S. regiment encountered a Filipino soldier near Fort. and in the fighting he caused one American was killed and another wounded. The remainder of the natives from their positions captured a bull cart in which to ve the injured.

Shot Down By Footpad.

Annapolis, Ind., Sept. 5.—Thomas B. of English avenue, while returning from the family grocery, was seized by a highwayman. Taigher, is 60 years old, showed fight, and shot in the forehead. The highwayman fled to avoid arrest. The man is fatal.

John V. McKane Dying.

New York, Sept. 5.—John V. McKane, for many years practically confined to Coney Island, is lying at the death at his home at Sheepshead Bay, as the result of a stroke of paralysis. Physicians give little hope of recovery.

President Grants Reprieve.

San Francisco, Sept. 5.—Thomas McKane, a Wyoming convict, will not be hanged, but will serve a life term in a military prison at Alcatraz. By order of President McKinley, McKane's offense was murderous assault upon his commanding officer.

His Nephew Fatally Wounded.

St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 5.—Charles Custer, 20 years, a nephew of the late General Custer, was accidentally shot a revolver by John Russell at St. Louis. The ball entered the chest near the heart, and there is hope of his recovery.

Lake Tugboat Wrecked.

St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 5.—The tugboat Cloud of Larkin was wrecked off Point and three lives were lost.

THEY WANT MORE PAY.

More Trouble Looked For Among Cannery Factory Employees.

Salem, N. J., Sept. 5.—Although quiet has been restored in Salem, the authorities fear that a repetition of the recent disorders by the striking table girls of the cannery factories may occur at any moment. The local constabulary has been added to and the district in the neighborhood of the factories is now patrolled.

The sight of angry, excited women and girls in procession in the principal streets, brandishing sharp knives and making threats is too much for Salem to stand.

The girls at the Fenwick Tomato Cannery Factory, operated by Stuart Bros., demanded a raise of one cent a bucket for peeling tomatoes. They wanted 5 cents instead of 4.

This was refused, whereupon every girl in the factory went on a strike. They marched to Harry Lambert's factory on North Second street, where they were joined by the women and girls there. They numbered with this additional 200.

Every girl carried the knife with which she peels tomatoes, and brandishing these in the air they went to Jones & Ayar's factory to the rhythmic shout of "Five cents! Five cents!"

They were denied admission to this factory and the women there refused to go out. Then, it is said, they made threats and acted just like striking men do sometimes. The Mayor and the Chief of Police had to order them away before they could leave. It is said that charges of making threats will be made against the girls.

Mark Twain's Plans.

Princeton, N. J., Sept. 5.—Samuel L. Clemens, better known as Mark Twain, has made definite arrangements to spend the fall and winter in this town. Arthur Bayne, the manager of the Princeton Inn, received a letter from Mr. Clemens, who is now in Germany, asking that a suite of rooms at the inn be made ready for him and his family. Mr. Lawrence Hutton, the author, has been elected to pass a few months in Princeton. It is thought that Mr. Clemens will devote most of his time while here to writing a book containing the reminiscences of his tour through the Old World. Although no definite arrangements have been made for him to lecture before the students, it is highly probable that the university authorities will try to secure his services for a series of lectures. It is thought by his friends that Mr. Clemens will locate here permanently should he be pleased with the town.

Woman Died From Leprosy.

Baltimore, Sept. 5.—Mrs. Mary Sanson died in the Johns Hopkins Hospital from leprosy. The woman came to this city from Allegheny City, Pa., in the winter of 1896, and shortly thereafter applied for treatment at a dispensary. When the health officers determined that the woman was afflicted with the incurable disease they opened a sanatorium with the authorities in Allegheny City, with a view to having her returned to that city. The officials there, however, repudiated all knowledge of her, and as it was shown that in her childhood she had lived in this state she claimed the right to stay here. Since April, 1897, Mrs. Sanson had been in an isolated charity ward of the Johns Hopkins Hospital. The whereabouts of her husband is unknown, and no relatives of the woman have come forward. The body will be cremated.

Balloon on Church Steeple.

Evansville, Ind., Sept. 5.—Arvidus H. Farmer, of this city, invented an airship and gave an exhibition of his invention at the Spencer County Fair at Christy. His invention is a clear-shaped balloon to which a basket is attached. There is a four-bladed propeller on either side of the basket. These propellers are worked by ordinary bicycle pedals. Farmer, according to his contract, was to sail from Christy to this city, a distance of forty miles. After rising to a height of 100 feet or more, he started his airship in the direction of Evansville. The pedals became disarranged and a strong wind blew the machine against a church steeple and the balloon collapsed. Farmer clung to the steeple until a ladder was secured, when he reached the ground in safety.

A Fatal Ride.

Sheboygan, Wis., Sept. 5.—Passenger Train No. 11 on the Northwestern Road struck a carriage containing three men—named Hille, Fox and Shierick—at Cedar Grove, twelve miles south of here, and killed them instantly. The bodies of the men derailed the train, but, though the coaches were filled with passengers from Milwaukee and other points, there were no other casualties. The sudden stopping of the train, however, threw the passengers wildly about. The coroner, doctors, and the wrecking train were summoned from Sheboygan. The men killed lived at Sheboygan.

McKinley's Programme.

Washington, Sept. 5.—Senator Carter of Montana, who has just returned from an European trip, was at the White House, and after a conference with the President, said that Mr. McKinley would be compelled to give up his contemplated trip through the West. He would attend the ceremonies attending the laying of the cornerstone of the Chicago Post Office building on Oct. 1. It was altogether improbable that he would get further West than Chicago.

Banquet at Clifton Heights.

Clifton Heights, Pa., Sept. 5.—Maxwell and John Hanna and Gilbert R. Cate, three members of the Tenth Pennsylvania, who were to have been given a reception and a banquet upon their arrival here, did not reach town. The banquet was eaten anyhow, and J. Robinson and others made speeches.

Charged With Embezzlement.

Bridgeton, N. J., Sept. 5.—James H. tenheller, giving his address Washington, D. C., has been arrested here charged with embezzling \$125 from a picture agency. He was about to take a train for Philadelphia when an officer arrested him.

THE TEST THAT TELLS.

You Can Get All the Convincing Proof You Want by Reading Portsmouth Papers.

When the reader wants any article of value he naturally prefers to deal with someone he can depend upon.

If mixed up in any suit, a good, responsible lawyer is generally the first necessity sought.

If lost on the prairie, directions from a settler could be relied upon, those from a stranger would be doubted.

It follows in the realm of proprietary articles that Portsmouth papers would naturally select that one article which has cured some neighbor, people they know, people who can be seen, spoken to and questioned about the results.

The only proprietary article which gives this positive proof is the one endorsed by Mr. Allen A. Bullock of 31 Maplewood avenue, who says:—

"I had something wrong with my kidneys for 8 months and the pain and annoyance kept increasing instead of diminishing. It got so bad that I could not attend to my ordinary occupation and had to knock off. In my back and over my kidneys there was a constant sharp twinges to shoot through my loins. During these attacks, when my back was particularly bad, I had urinary weakness that was very embarrassing and inconvenient. I thought, 'Doan's Kidney Pills might help me and get a box at Philbrick's pharmacy on Congress street. I did not take more than half of it before I was free from the whole kidney trouble. I felt no trace of it and I attribute all the change to Doan's Kidney Pills.'"

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

FEVER CAUSES A PANIC.

Citizens at Key West Trying to Escape From Yellow Jack.

Key West, Fla., Sept. 5.—The number of yellow-fever cases increases daily and there is a small panic prevailing here, especially among the unaccustomed. More than one hundred persons are more anxious to get away. Many have no money to pay their fares to New York. A strict quarantine maintained by the State Board of Health cannot be evaded by sailing vessels to land them at southern points. Several attempts to get to mainland by small parties in boats have come to grief, as they were stopped and compelled to turn back by patrol launches. There are new cases reported every day.

Dr. Foster, who has arrived here is endeavoring to his house a firm and and he has the confidence of the community. Before this the Board here was unwilling to give out information and the result was a panic, as the people did not know the extent of the fever nor of its virulence. It is too early yet to prophesy about its duration, but as there are many here who are comparatively strangers to this city and climate it is very likely that the disease will run its full course. Sanitary work is being pushed and the town cleaned up most thoroughly. In the house-to-house canvass several cases of concealment of yellow fever patients were found. Hereafter such concealment will be promptly punished. There are now at least thirty known cases.

It Was a Rich Find.

Hastings, Mich., Sept. 5.—Charles B. Dillebeck, who lives on a farm a few miles from Woodland, while plowing for wheat struck something that gave forth a metallic ring. Dillebeck stopped his horses and began to dig out the obstacle, which proved to be an old iron kettle turned bottom side up on a store griddle. Dillebeck carried the kettle on an adjoining woods and buried it, where it remained secreted for three weeks. Later he removed the treasure to his house cellar, and it was here that as opportunity offered he put in his time scouring and polishing up the corroded coins.

A count of the money proved the entire sum to amount to 7,500, three hundred 320 double eagles, nearly \$360 in silver coin and the remainder in gold coins of lesser denominations.

Schurman Goes to Trust Conference.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 5.—President Schurman, of Cornell University, will accept an appointment by Governor Roosevelt to attend the trust convention in Chicago. He said: "The great aggregation and combinations of capital tend to cheapen production. I do not think any one will deny. There is a further question, however, who gets the benefit of these reductions? If the consumer gets a greater part of them then combinations are a direct benefit to the community."

Railroad Remembers Its Employees.

Auburn, Ind., Sept. 5.—The Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company will issue passes for 15,000 persons to its employees for the ensuing year. This is a good thing adopted for rewarding men who have done good service for the road for a year or more. The passes will be good over all parts of the system which connects Baltimore, Philadelphia, Washington, Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis.

Relief in Six Hours.

Distressing kidney and bladder disease relieved in six hours by "Now Great South American Kidney Cure." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidneys and back, in male or female. Relieves retention of water almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. Sold by George Hill Drug Store, Portsmouth, N. H.

For Over Fifty Years.

Also Winslow's Sootying Syrup has been used for children's teething. It soothes the child and the gums, always all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea twenty five cents a bottle.

No need to fear sudden attacks of cholera infantum, dysentery, diarrhoea, summer complaint of any sort if you have Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry in the medicine chest.

IN THE PHILIPPINES.

DR. SCHURMAN'S IDEAS OF THE SITUATION.

Cablegram Asks That Schurman Make Public a Preliminary Statement of His Observations—Says Islands Would Prove Very Valuable to United States.

Washington, Sept. 5.—President McKinley has become much interested in Dr. Schurman's description of his observations in the Philippines and it will be another conference at the White House between the President, Secretary Hay and Dr. Schurman. There has been no written report from the Philippine Commission submitted, nor has Dr. Schurman, as president of the commission, filed any written statement of his investigations. From data in his possession, he has described the situation as it appeared to him, and he has indicated to the President the magnitude of undertaking the government of the Philippines. He thinks that it is a remarkable country, the vast domain of which will prove very valuable to the United States.

It is certain that no written report from the Commission will be submitted until every member reaches Washington. It is understood, however, that a full report from the Commission and an individual report from every member shall be in the possession of the President before Congress convenes. It will then be submitted to Congress for action. President Schurman proposes to await the arrival of Admiral Dewey before beginning work on his individual report. Professor Worcester and Col. Donny will leave Manila within a few weeks for the United States and are expected in Washington before Nov. 1. It is not improbable that Gen. Otis will also come back to the United States to be present at the meeting of the Commission which will be held in Washington some time in November. As to this, however, nothing definite has been determined, and should Gen. Otis remain at Manila, he will forward his individual report embodying his views on the conditions in the Islands and his suggestions for a government of the country.

With the complete reports of the Commission and its members in his possession, together with the data they have collected, President McKinley will submit to Congress a message transmitting the whole subject for consideration. Looking to the establishment of a government for the Philippines.

The regular meeting of the Cabinet was attended by all the members except Secretary Long, who is out of the city. It was devoted almost entirely to an account of Dr. Schurman's observations in the Philippines as recalled by the President and Secretary Hay from the White House conference of last Saturday evening. It was agreed that Dr. Schurman should be asked to prepare a special statement regarding his work at the head of the Philippine Commission to be made public within a few days. This will be independent of the report of the Commission which will be made later. The subject of the forthcoming statement is to remove as much misapprehension as possible in the public mind regarding affairs in the Philippines and to present the situation just as it appeared to Dr. Schurman, who had excellent means of observation.

Whole Crew May Be Lost.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 5.—A Goderich (Ont.) special says—The schooner Lisgar, of Toronto, has been lost about sixty miles from here. She was in tow of the steamer Otis, bound for New York, and loaded with coal from Buffalo. The loss is total, she having gone down under stress of weather. It is feared the crew are all lost. Captain Freeman, of St. Catherine's, was in charge of the Lisgar.

Storm in Massachusetts.

Worcester, Mass., Sept. 5.—One of the most destructive electrical storms for years has visited this city and county. Reports indicate that the greatest damage was done in the county towns. In Leicester a barn was burned to the ground. Several fires were started in Millbury, Charlton and Paxton. The damage in the city was mostly caused by the rain.

All Prisoners Accounted For.

Toledo, Ohio, Sept. 5.—Sheriff Stager has succeeded in capturing and accounting for all the jail breakers who escaped here a few months ago. Joe Dunn, alias Williams, has just been captured at Sarnia, Ont., and Henry Duplanty has shot and killed at St. Paul de la Croix, in Quebec, while robbing a priest's residence.

Letter Carriers Meet at Scranton.

Scranton, Pa., Sept. 5.—The National Convention of the Letter Carriers Association was formally opened here with a parade in which nearly 5,000 men, representing branches in all parts of the country, participated. The big delegations in line were those from New York, Philadelphia and Brooklyn, which together sent 3,000 men with bands of music.

The Moravians Celebrate.

South Bethlehem, Sept. 5.—The annual covenant festival of the married people of the Moravian Church, in Bethlehem, commemorating the one hundred and seventy-second anniversary, was held here. Nearly all the heads of Moravian families, with nearly 300 children, participated in the services.

They Beat the Faro Game.

Spokane, Sept. 5.—Harry E. Green's faro bank in the heart of the city was entered by masked robbers, who compelled all present to hold up their hands. They got \$1,800. Ten policemen chased the robbers. One bluecoat was shot. The others caught one of the fugitives.

Briton Buys Wagon.

Toledo, Ohio, Sept. 5.—Colonel H. Runbury, of the English army, is here to purchase wagons from the Milburn Company for use in the Transvaal. He says war is inevitable.

HAS A GLOOMY OUTLOOK.

Latest News From the Transvaal Has Appearance of Trouble.

London, Sept. 5.—The latest news from the Transvaal is of the gloomiest description. The withdrawal of the Boers of the five years residence franchise qualifications was qualified by their assent to the proposed conference at Cape Town. This, it is thought, may be merely a ruse to gain time. There is a panic at Johannesburg and a general exodus of the people.

The Boer organ, the Standard and Diggers' News, says most of the members of the South African League have left the Transvaal. Hundreds of women and children are departing daily and all trains are overcrowded. The miners are coming in from the reefs. The shipping offices are kept open all night to enable persons who desire to leave to book passages to England.

A dispatch from Pretoria to the Central News, says that the Boer reply to Colonial Secretary Chamberlain's latest communication, extends the period of residence necessary for the right of franchise.

England to Call Out Volunteers.

London, Sept. 5.—The war office has sent an urgency order to the bureau of stationery and printing to prepare copies of a proclamation calling out the volunteers of the first class.

The proclamation must be ready in a few hours. In the British army are four classes of reserve, or auxiliary, forces—the militia, the yeomanry cavalry, the volunteer corps and the army reserve corps.

The army reserve, of the first class, called up by this order, is \$9,000 men. The number of effective men according to the latest report is \$2,005.

Sees a Double Move.

Cape Town, Sept. 5.—The news received from Pretoria begins to show the situation in a clearer light. It appears that the Transvaal's reply, which was handed on Saturday to the British diplomatic agent at Pretoria, Conyngham Greene, was only Mr. Chamberlain's proposal respecting a conference at Cape Town, and that another reply will be delivered at once to Mr. Chamberlain's original proposal of a joint inquiry into the franchise bill.

This method of splitting the negotiations by the Transvaal is commented upon unfavorably here.

The Cape Argus officially denies that the Government of the South African Republic has agreed to a conference in Cape Town.

The Cape Argus also declares that the explanation offered by the Transvaal State Attorney, Mr. Smuts, of the arrests is unsatisfactory and that the mystery is one that calls for immediate elucidation.

Labor Day Celebrated.

New York, Sept. 5.—From the various cities throughout the country news has been received here that Labor Day was generally observed and that exercises appropriate to the occasion were carried out. Parades, speeches and athletic games constituted the program of the day. So far no accidents of a serious nature have been reported. In New York the day was enthusiastically celebrated and the various buildings were neatly decorated with flags and bunting.

Fatally Wounded in a Riot.

Huntington, W. Va., Sept. 5.—At a camp meeting in a grove on Spice Creek, in Logan County, a number of drunken men became engaged in a row, and when citizens attempted to quiet the riotous and a general fight occurred, more than 20 people being engaged. Sam Harvard, Will Borden and Steve Wooden were stabbed fatally and a dozen others, whose names cannot be ascertained, are badly hurt.

Meal Tickets For Soldiers.

Washington, Sept. 5.—The War Department will give out meal tickets to volunteers going to Manila instead of cash for meals. The reason for this is that the soldiers spend the money for other things and before the trip is ended are forced to apply for free rations. The allowance for food is liberal.

Tollgate Blown Up Again.

Emmeline, Ky., Sept. 5.—The tollgate on the Emmeline and Clark roads, near Lewisburg, was blown up again. The gate was blown up and a half mile from town in Shelby County, has been again blown up with dynamite by unknown parties. The tollhouse was damaged. The gate has been twice cut down, and this is the third time dynamite has been used.

Ran Into an Iceberg.

New York, Sept. 5.—When the Steamship City of Rome of the Anchor Line arrived in port here from Glasgow and Merville, Capt. Young reported that on Thursday evening, Aug. 21, at six o'clock, the steamship ran into an iceberg. No damage was done as the ship was going slowly.

Teamster Run Over and Killed.

Chardon, Ohio, Sept. 5.—Fred Burr was hauling a load of logs at Concord. In going down a hill the rope of the wagon broke, throwing him under the wheels, which passed over his head, killing him instantly.

Boy's Head Blown Off.

Shamokin, Pa., Sept. 5.—While walking along the railroad, Samuel Conner, aged 15 years, of Trevorton, struck the stock of his gun on a tie and had one side of his head blown off.

Jilted Lover Kills Himself.

Evansville, Ind., Sept. 5.—Frederick Tempe, of Armstrong township, because he was jilted by his sweetheart, shot himself in the temple, and will die.

Bogus Coins Circulated.

Lima, O., Sept. 5.—During the street fair here hundreds of counterfeit silver dollars were put into circulation. The discovery was made when some of the shows on the Midway cashed up.

Killed by Lightning.

Toronto, Ont., Sept. 5.—Charles W. Sloan, a male, aged 21, was instantly killed by lightning during a terrific electric storm in the West Virginia oil field, opposite this city.

THE PENSION REPORT.

WHERE AND HOW THE MONEY IS DISBURSED.

Ohio Gets the Larger Share—But a Handsome Sum Goes to Foreign Countries—Criminal Data—Discovery of a Well Organized Gang of Pension Swindlers.

Washington, Sept. 6.—One of the most interesting features of the annual report of Commissioner of Pensions Evans was a table showing the number of pensioners in each state and territory of the United States and in each foreign country on the rolls on June 30, 1899. The tabulated statement also showed the amount paid for pensions during the fiscal year 1898 in each state and territory and each foreign country.

Ohio heads the list in numbers with a total of 105,627, and a total payment of \$15,456,007, being closely followed by Pennsylvania with 104,951 pensioners and payments amounting to \$12,470,795. Then comes New York State with 87,327 and total payments to the amount of \$12,968,853, while Indiana comes fourth with 67,095 pensioners and the sum of \$10,443,951 to pay them for their faithful services in defending the Union.

Of foreign countries Canada has the lead, there being on the pension rolls 2,139 persons receiving the sum of \$310,797 annually. Germany following next with 605 and a payment of \$89,960 every year. The next highest country is Ireland with 415, and payments amounting to \$89,335, and the fourth is England, having 321 on the pension rolls and receiving pensions amounting to \$48,524.

The total number of pensioners is 91,519 and the total payments on account of pensions is \$128,355,022.95. At the close of the past fiscal year there were 477,239 claims pending, represented by 450,877 claimants, and the number of claimants not pensioned was 135,641.

The Commissioner's criminal data is full of interest and shows that his bureau has much to contend with from unscrupulous persons. There are now pending 327 criminal cases in the various districts throughout the country. During the fiscal year 175 cases were disposed of by trial, resulting in 157 convictions and 18 acquittals. In 89.71 per cent of the cases brought to trial convictions were obtained, 21 cases dismissed on nolle prosequi, 172 arrests were made, and indictments were found in 229 cases.

A well-organized gang of pension swindlers was discovered in one of the Southern cities, and so far 147 of the claims have been located and 129 investigated, with the result that it has been shown that it was the practice of the leaders to forge whatever papers were necessary to make out a prima facie case, to select the name of a soldier upon which to base the widow's pension from the soldier's record. Several of those arrested explained their mode of operations. Four of the gang have been convicted and the others will be tried this fall. Nashville, Tenn., was the city where they operated most extensively. The leader of the gang is a pension attorney who has been debarré on the specific charge of forgery.

Refundments amounting to \$6,023 were secured. \$1,235 was recovered through civil suits; reclamation to the amount of \$2,800 was made on forged checks, and \$600 was recovered by reissue, making the total savings to the Government \$11,258 in admitted cases alone, and many times that amount was saved by the timely discovery of forged and fabricated affidavits and declarations in pension claims.

TROUBLE AHEAD.

Colored People Complain of Their Treatment in Cuba.

Havana, Sept. 5.—La Lucha publishes a short item from the eastern part of the island, asserting that the colored population intends to be heard from in the event of the independence of Cuba, as the colored leaders say that there has been a great deal of the fighting and has been treated unfairly.

In the country districts of Puerto Principe and Santiago de Cuba, colored clubs have been formed to promote the theory that to the victors belong the spoils; and a slate has been prepared with Gualberto Gomez, a mulatto, as president; Demetrio Castillo, a white man, as vice president, and Quintin Bandera, a black, as commander-in-chief of the army.

Gualberto Gomez thinks that the movement is confined to the eastern provinces, but that the old party will be reorganized, as neither the Cuban National League nor the Cuban National party satisfies many prominent Cubans. As for himself, he says he is a representative of the old Revolutionary party, whose central principle, like the central principle of the Cuban National party, was to gain independence, but he will not join the Cuban National party, because it desires Maximo Gomez for President, a choice which, in his opinion, would be a great misfortune.

If he should not join the National League, Gualberto Gomez says the Revolutionary party soon will issue a programme arranging for the election of representatives. In that event the island will have three distinct parties. The main thing that every one is waiting for is the census and then the general election, which is to proclaim the wish of the Cuban people. Gualberto Gomez insists that, if the census proclamation had been less vague and had made a definite reference to independence, the island would have been quieted.

The Photosta, a paper suppressed by the Spaniards in 1894, reappeared, and it is said to have been organized by the influence wielded by the Nuevo Part in favor of a protectorate. It is understood that Senor Collazo is the financial backer.

Lipton is Well Pleased.

New York, Sept. 5.—The Shamrock made a good showing of speed in her sail out by Sandy Hook on a trial spin. Sir Thomas Lipton declared himself pleased with the yacht's performance.

Introduction.

The readers of this paper need no introduction to the Frank Jones Brewing Co., or its products; when the statement is made by this reliable house that their new

Victor Bottled Ale

is second to none in existence and they are ready to stand behind the assertion, further proof of quality is not necessary.

Are you satisfied that 40 years of successful business means anything? If so send your next order to:

Frank Jones Brewing Co.
Portsmouth, N. H.

or Newfield Bottling Co.,
Newfield, N. H.

and make assurance doubly sure. A word to the wise is sufficient.

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FOR PORTSMOUTH AND PORTSMOUTH'S INTERESTS.
You want local news? Read the Herald. More local news than all other local dailies combined. Try it
WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 6, 1899.

Mr. Croker appears to be posing as a sort of political puzzle picture. The puzzle is: Find the boss.

Croker has kept so quiet of late that an impression is gaining ground that he is anxious to be known as the shy violet of American politics.

Now that the democratic leaders in Kentucky have begun to call one another liars and other unpleasant things, the campaign will doubtless soon take on a hue of rich and vivid red.

In Chicago the other day a rich Illinois farmer was robbed three times by three different gangs of highwaymen within three hours. The victim must have marveled at the systematic way in which they do things in that town.

Bernhardt's appearance at the Dreyfus trial as a witness for the defendant would add the last dramatic touch to the proceedings in this tragic affair. Can it be that a real Portia is yet to appear in this famous case for truth and justice?

Mr. W. L. Garrison—the only great American of that name was known as William Lloyd Garrison, and he is dead—declares that he and his fellow "anti-imperialists" will make "no compromise with war." In view of the situation, therefore, they might just as well prepare to make an unconditional surrender.

The New York World asserts that the McKinley way of settling the insurrection in the Philippines is "the way of bloodshed and hate, the way of conquest and extermination." The American people know better than this. The record which McKinley has made ever since the war with Spain has been as far removed as possible from anything which savors of hate, or which had its impulse in the dust of conquest.

Barring the occasional destruction of a street car with dynamite and the consequent waiming of a dozen innocent passengers, the strike in Cleveland has died out and the city is experiencing an interval of almost monotonous peace. This situation may mean that the strikers and their sympathizers have at last been roused to a sense of respect for law and order, but a more plausible explanation is that they have run out of explosives.

While it is not to be denied that the continued sensational reports from the Transvaal reflect the proverbial truth concerning some fire where there is so much smoke, we must continue to hold to the opinion that the situation is not so bad as painted. Two points particularly are to be borne in mind—that the Boer leaders are probably willing to make matters look as threatening as possible in order to induce a compromise in London, and that the special newspaper correspondents who have abandoned Pretoria and Johannesburg are naturally desirous of emphasizing conditions in justification of their move. There is certainly danger of war; but not the measure of danger described in Tuesday's published reports.

Pennsylvania's Big Purchase.
Baltimore, Sept. 5.—President John S. Wilson, of the Baltimore, Chesapeake and Atlantic Railroad, has confirmed the report of the purchase of a controlling interest of that road by the Pennsylvania Railroad.

Rough Breaks Officer's Leg.
Moorestown, N. Y., Sept. 5.—Caleb A. Wright, chief of police, is in bed with a broken leg. He attempted to put several men out of Cole's barroom and they threw him out, breaking the leg.

Terrible plague, those itching, peeling diseases of the skin. Put an end to misery. Doan's Ointment cures. At any drug store.

BY TELEGRAPH.
WASHINGTON'S GREAT RECEPTION TO DEWEY.
WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—Preparations for the reception of Admiral Dewey in this city are definitely assuming shape and the celebration will be one of the most noteworthy that has ever occurred in Washington. The admiral's reception will be largely in the nature of an official function, as its essential feature will be the presentation of the magnificent sword voted by congress. The celebration will take place on the night of October 21 or 31. There will be an imposing parade at night, in which all the available naval and military forces of the United States, the district national guard, military bodies from all the states throughout the Union and many organized civil bodies will participate. There will be a general illumination of the city and the procession will be reviewed by President McKinley and Admiral Dewey. The presentation of the sword will take place on the stand erected at the east front of the capitol, and it is believed that the Admiral Dewey home, which will be purchased by popular subscription, will be formally presented to the admiral at the same time.

EMPEROR WILLIAM AND KING HUMBERT APPEALED TO.
RENNES, FRANCE, Sept. 4.—The feature of the Dreyfus trial was the fact that Labori, the counsel for Dreyfus, telegraphed a personal appeal to Emperor William and King Humbert to grant permission to Col. Schwartzkopfen and Col. Tanizzardi, German and Italian military attaches in Paris in 1894, to come to Rennes to testify at the trial. The statement is made that if they come it is expected they will arrive in time to give their testimony on Thursday, in which case the trial will probably conclude this week and the verdict be delivered on Friday or Saturday. The despatch also says no one will be surprised if Col. Schwartzkopfen in the name of the kaiser makes a declaration that will practically decide the result of the trial.

THE SHAMROCK SHOWS HER HEELS.
SANDY HOOK, Sept. 5.—Shortly after nine o'clock, today, the Shamrock hoisted her massive new mainsail, and later was off the Scotland lightship. At 10:10 she hoisted her topsail, staysail, jib and baby jib topsail and started out on the port job. She set a course to the southeast working against the wind which she held for some twenty miles, the stiff breeze blowing from the southeast about twenty-five miles an hour. Quite a sea was kicked up, but it did not seem to interfere with the Shamrock's working. From the manner in which she cut through the sea it is quite apparent that her rival will have to hustle to keep up with her.

BASE BALL.
The following is the result of the National league base ball games played yesterday:
Brooklyn 16, New York 5, called at the end of the seventh inning on account of darkness; at Brooklyn.
Boston 4, Baltimore 8; at Boston.
Cincinnati 19, Cleveland 3; Cincinnati 9, Cleveland 7; at Cincinnati.
Philadelphia 18, Washington 10; at Philadelphia.
Chicago 13, Pittsburg 7; at Chicago.
St. Louis 4, Louisville 4, called at the end of the ninth inning on account of darkness; at St. Louis.

ASKS FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME.
WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—The navy is beginning to feel seriously the effects of the heavy advance in the steel market. Today the ship building firm of Lally & Co., of Boston, asked for a year's extension from Oct 1st, on building the torpedo boats DeLong and Blakely, now under construction in the firm's yards.

DEWEY ON THE WAR.
GIBRALTAR, Sept. 5.—Admiral Dewey today expressed a favorable opinion as to the condition of the war in the Philippines islands, saying that he hoped the next dry season would see the insurrection quelled. The admiral said he did not expect to go on sea service again except in the event of war, and that he would probably retire under the regulations.

WEATHER INDICATIONS.
WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—Forecast for New England: Probably showers Wednesday, fair Thursday, brisk to fresh southerly winds.

Going Out Camping

Gail Borden Eagle Brand Condensed Milk
It is most delicious in Coffee, Tea, Chocolate and numerous summer drinks.
Send for Recipe Book.
BORDEN'S CONDENSED MILK CO., N.Y.

Music in the Sierras.
Travelers in the Sierra forests usually complain of their want of life, especially of birds. "The trees," they say, "are fine, but the empty stillness is deadly; there are no animals to be seen, no birds. We have not heard a song in all the woods." And no wonder, going in large parties with mules and horses, making so much noise, dressed in outlandish, unnatural colors, every animal shuns them. Even the frightened pines would run away if they could. But nature lovers, devout, silent, open-eyed, alert, looking and listening with love, sitting still here and there for hours or days, as their genius directs, and no lack of inhabitants in these mountain mansions, and they come to them gladly. Not to mention the large animals or the small insect people every waterfall has its ouzel, and every tree its squirrel or tamias, or bird—tiny nuthatch threading the furrows of the bark, cheerily whispering to itself as it dilly prills off loose scales and examines the curled edges of lichens, or Clarke crow, or jay, examining the cones, or some singer-oriole, tanager, warbler, resting, feeding, attending to domestic affairs. Hawks and eagles sail overhead, and grouse walk in happy flocks below, and the song sparrow sings in every bed of chaparral. There is no crowding, to be sure. Unlike the low Eastern trees, those of the Sierra in the main forest belt average nearly 200 feet in height, and of course many birds are required to make much of a show in them, and many voices to fill them. Nevertheless, the whole range from foothills to snowy summits is shaken into song every summer; and though low and thin in winter, the music never ceases.

Prompt Mr. Scott.
A certain Mr. Scott, of Exeter, Eng., whose business required him to travel constantly, was one of the most famous characters for punctuality in the kingdom. By his methodical habits, combined with unwearied industry, he accumulated a large fortune. For a great many years the landlord of every inn in Cornwall and Devon that he visited knew the exact day and hour he would arrive. A short time before he died, at the advanced age of eighty, a gentleman who was making a journey through Cornwall put up at a small inn at Port Isaac for his dinner. He looked over the bill of fare, and found nothing to his liking. He had, however, seen a fine duck roasting on the fire.
"I'll have that," said he.
"You cannot, sir," replied the landlord, "it is for Mr. Scott, of Exeter."
"I know Mr. Scott very well," replied the traveller. "He is not in your house."
"Very sorry," said the landlord, "but six months ago, when he was last here, he ordered the duck to be ready for him this day, exactly at 2 o'clock."
And to the amazement of the traveller, who chanced to look from the window, the old gentleman was at that moment entering the inn yard, about five minutes before the appointed time.

A Curious Collection.
One of the most remarkable collections or souvenirs ever made is a collection of male opera hats by one of the actresses of a London company. She owns no fewer than 216 of these articles, for it was her whim to make every young man who was introduced to her give her his opera hat as a souvenir. She not only keeps them in their pristine condition, but converts them into all sorts of other things, such as photograph frames, work baskets, and some are even used for the purpose of holding flower pots.

The Chinese are said to remove the pulp from oranges and substitute various jellies. The closest examination fails to reveal any opening or incision in the skin of the fruit.

STORY OF A SLAVE.
To be bound hand and foot for years by the chains of disease is the worst form of slavery. George D. Williams of Manchester, Mich., tells us how such a slave was made free. He says: "My wife has been so helpless for five years that she could not turn over in bed alone. After using two bottles of Electric Bitters she is wonderfully improved and able to do her own work." This supreme remedy for female diseases quickly cures nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, headache, backache, fainting and dizzy spells. This miracle working medicine is a godsend to weak, sickly, run down people. Every bottle guaranteed Only 50 cents. Sold by Globe Grocery Co.

The Pope's Health and Habits.
Describing the habits of Pope Leo XIII, the "Domenico del Corriere," of Milan, says that he is so desirous of being considered robust that, though he always makes use of a thick stick while walking, he no sooner observes some stranger approaching than he swings his stick from hand to hand, scarcely using it. He has excellent sight and can read without glasses. He is quite delighted when he has shown that he can support all the fatigue of religious functions, official visits and the not light weight of pontifical robes during some ceremony. He is rather careless of his health during his restless nights. He wears when in bed warm stockings and garments of the finest flannel, and when he is seized with a poetical inspiration he rises from his bed, and, without waking his faithful attendant, Pio Centra, who sleeps in the anteroom, goes to his desk and writes down a Latin distich by the light of the night lamp, and will sometimes linger to compose more verses. In this way he has frequently taken one of those colds that have been reported real illnesses. Formerly the Pope would not hear of other means of warming his apartments than the old-fashioned blazier, but lately he has yielded to the remonstrance of his physicians, and the rooms are made comfortable by proper stoves.—London Telegraph.

A Gigantic Enterprise.
During the last three months what is pronounced by experts the most remarkable piece of electrical engineering in the country has been accomplished, after three years of labor and six hundred thousand dollars expended in the enterprise: that is, the Santa Ana River, which comes out of the San Bernardino Mountains, has been harnessed, and its power is now transmitted to Los Angeles, some eighty-two miles distant. In a word, 9,000 horse power is made to propel machinery, move street cars and illuminate and even heat buildings in Los Angeles, besides furnishing illumination and power for several villages as Redlands, Riverside, Colton and Ontario—between the mountains, and the engineers seem to agree that the most remarkable feature in this development of the power on the Santa Ana River is the transmission of electricity of a high voltage over eighty miles of wire with so little loss of energy, the company finding, in fact, that it can send electricity of 30,000 volts, having a working efficiency of 4,000 horse power a distance of eight-three miles with a loss of but ten per cent. After doing its work in the production of electrical energy, the mountain stream is gathered into a conduit and led down the mountain side to irrigate the orchards and groves in San Bernardino valley.

Aged One Hundred and Six.
Nathan Tucker Draper, of Grand Rapids, Mich., is 106 years old. He was born in New London, Conn., has been married twice, but both wives are dead. The old man draws a pension of \$12 a month because of the killing of one of his sons in the War of the Rebellion, but never saw any service himself. He has been a gardener nearly all his life, and is still able to do a little "fussing" about the yard, but not for any length of time. He says he remembers that Jefferson was very well, but never saw Washington. He has been a smoker all his life, but never to excess. He also drank liquor in his younger days, but never to an intemperate degree.

Separate Towels for Children.
Two or more children should not be permitted to use the same towel. Each child should have a separate one, and be taught to regard it as personal property. Towels may be bought with initials woven in them, which makes it easy for the owner to distinguish his own. Diseases of the eye and skin diseases are easily communicated by the indiscriminate use of the same towel by different persons. If carefulness in this matter be inculcated in childhood it may save much suffering.—Ladies' Home Journal.

The Suffering of the Ministry.
I am in receipt of letters constantly from ministers seeking charges, and the suffering and anxiety they disclose is appalling. It is a necessity born of elementary human sympathy, that something be done. Only the most out-cast could refuse, and I am convinced that the ministry will act when they see that it is in their power to right the wrong.—A Congregational Minister in the Hartford Courant.

Couldn't Get Him.
"I'm left-handed," giggled Miss Scraggs; "left is nearest the heart, you know."
"You're left altogether, aren't you?" asked Snubbs innocently, and at once Miss Scraggs fired up.
"No, sir. I'm not left altogether. I could and would marry any man I chose," she said and went away.
"Thank heaven she's a liar!" said Snubbs devoutly.—Pick-Me-Up.

BEECHAM'S PILLS
Cure
CONSTIPATION STOMACH PAINS BILIOUSNESS SICK HEADACHE, Etc.
10 cents and 25 cents—Druggists.

COAL AND WOOD.
O. E. WALKER & CO.,
Commission Merchant
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Coal and Wood
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Highly Endorsed
FAIRY SOAP is used and highly endorsed by many of the most prominent women of this country—in fact the most particular and discriminating people are the best friends of
FAIRBANK'S FAIRY SOAP
It is absolutely pure and safe. It contains nothing to injure the tenderest skin or most delicate fabric. It is the ideal soap for toilet, bath and fine laundry use—the best floating White Soap made. Three convenient sizes for the toilet, bath and laundry.
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MUSIC HALL,
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Thursday Evening, Sept. 7th.
MAUD ISABEL ENTWISTLE
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- STROLLER -
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Has been on the market for the past fifty years. It has been used on the Principal Government and Other Public Works, and has received the commendation of Engineers, Architects and Consumers generally. Persons wanting cement should not be deceived. Obtain the best.
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OIL TRUST IS PROBED.

BUT NOT MUCH INFORMATION GAINED.

What Fixes the Value of Oil—The Pure Oil Trust and the Standard—How the Business Has Changed in the Past Few Years.

Washington, Sept. 8.—The time of the annual session of the Industrial Commission again was taken up by P. C. Boyle, of New York, in a debate between the witness and several of the spectators, and the commissioner finally interfered. When asked why the change in the price of oil was so small as compared with the old days of speculation the witness said it was because now the price of crude is fixed by that of refined oil, and the value of the refined oil is fixed by European demand, not by the Standard Oil Company. He said the reason for the difference in the price of refined oil in various parts of this country was because of the difference in cost of transportation and the difference in the grades of oil. Competition, he said, had slight effect and was only temporary.

"What I want to know," exclaimed Commissioner Farquhar, "is who has fixed the public—the speculators or the Standard?"

"In the seventies and eighties," replied the witness, "before the Oil Exchange quotations were ignored, men sold oil who never bought it back, and thus they became enormously rich. The first exchange was established in 1871, and the Petroleum Exchange in New York was opened in 1877. The Standard supported the Exchange, and they generally lost. To the Standard and to the Producers' Protective Association I give credit in joint action in removing this speculating power. Producers who remained away from the Exchanges always got wealthy; those who speculated invariably got poor."

"Why do not the producers successfully refine their own oil?"

"The two businesses are widely separated," replied Mr. Boyle, "and a good producer might easily lose everything in the refining business. There is the Producers' Protective Association, which is one of the most secret organizations ever formed, and which has grown into the Pure Oil Trust."

"Is the Standard opposed to the Oil Exchange in New York?"

"No, not opposed; simply indifferent as to whether it exists. In the early days of the Exchanges mere rumors would wreck the market, and scouts were employed to get as close to the truth as possible regarding new wells. Producers who remained away from the Exchanges always got wealthy; those who speculated invariably got poor."

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MANUFACTURE OF MATCHES.

Is One of the Largest and Most Important of Industries.

The manufacture of matches, trivial as it may seem, is one of the largest and most important existing. So large an amount of money is invested in their manufacture that in France it is a Government monopoly and a considerable portion of the revenue of the State is derived from this source. The yearly value of the matches made in England alone is said to amount to nearly \$10,000,000 each year, and the numbers that the makers turn out daily exceed 300,000,000. In France the Government monopoly is let to a company for a minimum annual payment of over \$5,000,000, with a great increase if a certain number is exceeded. Among the largest factories in Europe are those of the Scandinavian peninsula and England. In Germany, however, there are between 200 and 300 factories. Of the dangerous material phosphorus, which is employed in the manufacture, between 1,000 and 2,000 tons are annually consumed.

The general character of phosphorus is that of an exceedingly inflammable substance, burning slowly in the open air and shining with a luminous appearance in the dark. In this state it is one of the most poisonous substances known, less than two grains having been known to cause the death of an adult human being, and innumerable cases have occurred of children being poisoned by sucking the ends of a few matches.

On the other hand, heated without exposure to the air for some short time the phosphorus changes into a red powder, which is perfectly insoluble in water, not combustible and not in the slightest degree poisonous. In this latter state it is mixed with other substances and placed on the outside of the boxes of what are termed safety matches. These matches consist of non-poisonous chemical materials that will not ignite when struck on any ordinary surface, but are immediately set on fire by rubbing on the box, which is covered with a preparation of innocuous red phosphorus.

But, unfortunately, the public at large prefers matches which will ignite when struck on any surface and the manufacture of these is necessarily attended with risk to the workers, the people who are most seriously affected being the girls who pack the finished matches in the boxes in which they are sold. By practice their dexterity becomes so great that they almost invariably take up in one hand the exact number required.

All Must Pay Road.

When members of the queen's family or any wandering German relatives of high degree visit London and occupy apartments in Buckingham palace, "by invitation" they pay their board just like common folks in a first-class hotel. This prevents the sovereign lady from having too much company and makes things very pleasant for the palace servants. The independence it gives some of the royal guests is not wholly appreciated by them, but as the queen early in her reign determined on this economical course, her subjects cannot justly complain of her extravagance. It is a very expensive piece of pleasure, being a guest of royalty, and even the queen's own children must pay their way out of their allowances, when not directly under mamma's roof.

Jasmine Pipe Stems.

In Turkey, the jasmine is extensively grown for the manufacture of pipe stems. For this purpose the stems of the growing plant are trained with the greatest care until they have attained the proper length and size. The bark is protected by a wrapping of varnished linen or calico. Two or three times a year this will be taken off and the bark treated to a citron juice bath. This is said to give it the light color so much sought after. Some of these pipe stems are from ten to eighteen feet in length and bring as much as \$100 each.

The Wealthy Sassoons.

A traveler tells of treasure chambers in Baghdad that rival the tales of the "Arabian Nights." Among these multi-millionaires are the Sassoons, whose banking firm exercises the functions of a great power throughout Asia. Some members of this family have become Europeanized, having established themselves in London, and one of them is married to a Rothschild. A passport signed Sassoon is a safe conduct throughout the wildest regions of the Himalayas, through Afghanistan or Persia or Tibet. They deal with the chiefs of all the wandering tribes, such transactions being mostly on honor. The idea of falling the Sassoons is entertained with as much dread and horror as death.

A Powerful Dog.

There is a powerful breed of dogs along Smith's sound that does not hesitate to attack the most ferocious wild animals. These dogs hunt in pairs and a big bear is a joke to them. One dog can bring down a reindeer and kill it in a few minutes. Their thick coat is tawny in hue and in winter a thick fleece of wool covers them. They look so much like wolves it is hard to tell what they are at a little distance.

Electrical Currents.

A scientist has discovered that electrical currents in the form of waves rapidly succeeding one another can produce insensibility to pain and cold in the flesh, acting as an anesthetic like ether. When the currents were applied to the finger and thumb by wires, the finger could be pricked with a pin without pain.

The most uncompromising critics are usually found in our own families.

USEFUL CRAWLERS.

MEDICINES WHICH ARE MANUFACTURED FROM VARIOUS BUGS.

The List Includes Cockroaches, Spiders, Snakes and Bees—All Said to be Effective and Possess Many Virtues—Homes Paths Favor the Use of Bees.

Many people will be surprised to learn that a use has been found for our friend the cockroach. For years he has been branded as a pest, and we have dosed him with borax, plaster of paris and insect powder. Now the tables are turned, and the insect physicist. American doctors say that tincture of cockroach is good for asthma, and the preparation has been used lately in England. Anyone wishing to try this remedy can make it by soaking four large cockroaches in an ounce of spirit of wine for a few days. Twenty drops of this liquid on a lump of sugar ought to charm away the worst attack. Of course, patients might object to the word cockroach, but the Latin name *Liatia Orientalis*, is sufficient to allay the fears of the most particular. Cockroach tea is a favorite domestic medicine with the working classes in Russia. If cockroaches will cure us, there is no reason why spiders should not be tried also. As a matter of fact, they have been used by the homeopaths for years. Solomon told us we could find spiders even in kings' palaces, but now adepts can trace them in innocent-looking tinctures and sugar pills. Tarantula plagues is a title that should be worth a fortune if well advertised, and a tincture prepared from the mygalae—the great bird-eating spider of Mexico—ought certainly to possess equal virtues. Our choice, however, is not confined to giant spiders.

The garden spider, with the gold or silver body, so common in the summer, will yield a useful preparation—if we may trust to the homeopathic pharmacopeia. A few of these insects rubbed down in a mortar with a little spirit, will make a "moth-er tincture," from which countless dilutions can be prepared. If this will not suffice, the black curcua spider from West Indian orange groves, or the gray spider of Kentucky, may be used, according to taste. The homeopaths are fond of beetles, and they treat ladybirds in the same way as spiders. They also get an essence from the Colorado beetle—the insect which ruined the potato crops a few years back. It is one thing to rob the bees wholesale and secure their wax and honey, but it is rather hard lines on poor apes mellifica, to turn her into medicine as well. But she has to go in with the rest, and yield her life in the cause of science. Of course, anyone who has felt a bee's sting knows what a powerful drug its poison must be. It's rather dangerous work robbing a hive of bees of their stings and poison. The method recommended in books is simple, but exciting. The bees are to be caught in a bottle as they leave their home in the morning. They are then deprived of their poison bags, and stings by means of scissors, and the severed portions are soaked in spirit to make a tincture.

Besides insects, other queer things are used in medicine at the present time. To give only two examples, remedies are prepared from the starfish and the crayfish. Snake venom—notably that of the cobra, the rattlesnake and the adder—is sometimes used. Nowadays a great many drugs of animal origin are being experimented with, and some people prophesy that they will eventually oust all the rest.

What the Bride Said.

An English rural clergyman says that one day a bride started him by promising, in what she supposed to be the language of the prayer book, to take her husband "to love and to hold from this day forth for better or worse, for richer or poorer, in sickness and health, to love and cherish and to obey." What meaning this extraordinary vow conveyed to the woman's own mind, the incumbent said, baffled him to conjecture.

The Bishop's Protest.

A great many Episcopal clergymen probably would sympathize with the English bishop who said recently: "The two things of which I am the most tired are 'The Church of England' and cold chicken. The hymn seems always to be chosen wherever I go, and kind hostesses, with quite extraordinary unanimity, provide cold chicken for luncheon."

Dawson Nomenclature.

The carrier who serves the Klondike Nugget to subscribers in Dawson has considerable trouble in finding their residences. A few of the dwellings are thus described in the subscription book: "The cabin with the screen door," "the slab house facing the river," "the big tent with two stove-pipes," and "the cabin three doors south of where all the dogs are."

Transportation of Prisoners.

The transportation of prisoners to their own country by the victors is not a novelty in warfare. In 1808, after the defeat of the French at the battle of Vimeiro, Portugal, the victorious English deported 22,000 French prisoners, with their equipments, from Porto and Lisbon, and landed them at Brest.

Raising the Hat.

Originally the custom of raising the hat was a sign of submission, implying that the person uncovered placed himself at the mercy of his foe.

In Morocco.

Prisoners when arrested in Morocco are required to pay the policeman for his trouble in taking them to jail.

PRAYING IN STREETS.

Impressive Medieval Spectacle Witnessed in Vienna.

The annual processions of Corpus Christi, in which the Emperor takes part, are like the proverbial peas in a pod for family resemblance. But the pageantry of the court has a perennial attraction, and many English and Americans go to Vienna every year to witness it and to get a glimpse of that unique sight—an Emperor praying and kneeling in the streets. The monarch passes in state to the cathedral as early as 7 a. m. This year, as before, he drove in a state carriage drawn by eight white horses. The heir apparent drove with him. Behind him came the magnificently accoutered Hungarian and Austrian bodyguards.

The first service was held in the church. In the meantime the route which the foot procession takes was laid with boards, over which grass was strewn. Here and there were erected altars, and before them a canopy for the imperial worshippers. A fanfare of trumpets announced that the procession had formed. The band struck up "The Hymn to the Emperor" at the spot where the composer had dwelt as a choir boy of the ancient cathedral. The bells were rung, and the silvery tongues of little orphan boys, heading the procession, were heard singing a well-known hymn. Behind them came solemn-visaged priests and cowed monks reciting paternosters in sotto voice, with hands crossed on the breast. They looked sadly out of place in the bright sunlight—these real rulers of clerical Austria. Next came the vicars of the various parishes displaying their distinctive banners, like temporal knights of old; then the civic corporation, then the officers of the household, the holders of the various Austrian orders, and the military staff. Lastly rose the Emperor, under which walked the cardinal bearing the host, before which the soldiers knelt and men reverently uncovered. Behind was the solitary figure of the Emperor. He was bareheaded, and, like the members of his court, bore a lighted candle. He seemed in the garden walked with elastic step to the priekien under the canopy. The archdukes took up their position behind him. His Majesty wore a full green plumed, red trousers and the distinctive tunic, with his pale lambent sheen of delicate green. A wonderful scheme of color in his background blazied with the uniform of the guards of the household, and representative of all the chivalry and nobility of the dual monarchy, says the Pall Mall Gazette.

There was certainly a strange incongruity in this medieval display amid its garish modern surroundings. The materially minded might have regarded it as nothing more or less than solemn mummery, but the sight of the monarch and his subjects worshipping under the canopy of heaven kept back the irreverent smile. The moment was deeply impressive when at a given signal, the whole of the court and soldiers knelt and the Kaiser devoutly crossed himself in a silence that was almost audible.

Few Climb Stairs Properly.

If one would avoid fatigue in climbing stairs, he must learn to do it properly. A physician of repute tells how this should be done. "Usually," he says, "a person will tread on the ball of the foot in taking each step. This is very tiresome and wearing on the muscles, and it throws the entire suspended weight of the body on the muscles of the calf of the leg, which is not a good equal distribution of the body's weight possible. In walking upstairs your feet should be placed squarely down on the sole, heel and all, and then the work should be performed slowly and deliberately. In this way there is no strain upon any particular muscle, but each one is doing its duty in a natural manner. The woman who goes upstairs with a spring in her gait, or at least she is not making a proper use of her reasoning faculties. The habit, too, of bending over half double when ascending a flight of stairs is exceedingly reprehensible. In any exertion of this kind, when the heart is naturally excited to a more rapid action, it is desirable that the lungs should have full play. The crowding of the chest interferes with their action, the blood is imperfectly aerated, and there is trouble at once. Give the lungs a chance to do their work everywhere and at all times."

Is Asphalt Liquid or Solid?

Down in Trinidad, where most of the asphalt used in paving the streets is produced, opinion is divided as to whether the substance may be classed as a liquid or a solid. Upon this issue a recent trial in Trinidad turned. The stratum of pitch in that island is usually found in a vein that lies below the surface, and when cut through, the pitch melts and oozes out. So if a man dug down near his neighbor's lot, he would be able to collect pitch coming from under his neighbor's land. The plan was described by one of the witnesses as "the plan adopted when you want to dig your neighbor's pitch." It bulges out, he explained, "and you shove it off each morning." But suit was brought by one outraged neighbor whose pitch had thus been shaved off in adjoining land. The defense was that an underground stratum of pitch was like so much water, no man's property until appropriated. But the court held that pitch was a mineral, and that you had no more right to abstract it from a neighbor by the oozing process than you would have to tap his deposit of iron or silver.

May Be True.

The story is told that when General Ludlow was stationed at Detroit, in charge of the river and harbor work, a contractor visited him who wanted to do some government work. With his visiting card the contractor put on the table a fifty-dollar bill. General Ludlow drew forth two cigars and gave the contractor one of them. Then turning to the table, and not seeing a match, he took the fifty-dollar note, twisted it into a lighter, set it aflame at the open grate fire, and lit his cigar with it slowly and carefully. Then he handed the burning stump of the bill to the contractor.

He Didn't Tell.

He—Can you keep a secret?
She—Of course I can.
He—So can I.

A WHALER'S FRIEND

THE "KILLERS" OF TWO-FOLD BAY WHICH HELP THE FISHERMEN.

A Strange and Terrible Fish, and Its Peculiar Characteristics—Deadly to Whales and Sharks But Will Never Injure a Man—Has Enormous Strength.

Two-fold bay, a magnificent deep water harbor on the southern coast of New South Wales, is a fisherman's paradise, though its fame is but local or known only to outsiders who may have spent a day there when traveling from Sydney to Tasmania in the steamers which occasionally put it there to ship cattle from the little township of Eden. But the chief point of interest about Two-fold bay is that it is the rendezvous of the famous "killers" (orca gladiator), the deadly foes of the whole race of cetaceans other than themselves, and most extraordinary and sagacious creatures that inhabit the ocean's depths. From July to November two "schools" of killers may be seen every day, either cruising to and fro across the entrance of the bay or engaged in a Titanic combat with a whale—a "right" whale, a "humpback" or the long, swift "fin-back." But they have never been known to tackle the great sperm whale except when the great creature has been wounded by his human enemies. And to witness one of these mighty struggles is worth traveling many thousand miles to see; it is terrible awe-inspiring and wonderful.

The killer ranges in length from ten feet to twenty-five feet. Their breathing apparatus and general anatomy is much similar to that of the sperm whale. They spout, "breach" and "sound" like other cetaceans, and are of the same migratory habit as the two "schools" which haunt Two-fold bay always leaving there about November 28 to headquarter in other seas, returning to their headquarters early in July, when the humpback and finback whale make their appearance on the coast of New South Wales, traveling northward to the breeding-grounds on the Bampton shoals, the coast of New Guinea and the Moluccas.

The head of the killer is of enormous strength, the mouth being armed in both jaws with fearful teeth, from two inches to three inches long and set rather widely apart. In color they show an extraordinary variation, some being all one hue—brown, black or dull gray; others are black, with large irregular patches or streaks of pure white or yellow; others are dark brown with black and yellow patches.

And now comes the curious and yet absolutely truly described part that the killers play in this ocean tragedy. The killers, the moment the whale is dead, close around him, and, fastening their teeth into his body, bear him to the bottom. Here they tear out his tongue and eat about one-third of the blubber. In about thirty-six to forty hours the carcass will rise again to the surface, and as the spot where he has been taken down has been marked by a buoy, the boats are ready waiting to tow him ashore to the trying-out works. The killers accompany the boats to the head of the bay and keep off the sharks, which otherwise would strip off all the remaining blubber before the body had reached the shore.

The killers never hurt a man. Time after time have boats been stove in or smashed into splinters by a whale, and the crew left struggling in the water, to be rescued by the "pick-up" boat, and the killers swim up to them, look at-aye, and smell them—but never touch them. And wherever the killers are, the sharks are not, for Jack Shark dreads a killer as the devil dreads holy water. "Jack" will rush in and rip off a piece of blubber if he can, but he will watch his chance to do so.

A Queer Legacy.

A gentleman who died at Mons, France, left a legacy of \$3,000 to five friends, the money to be spent on dinners served in different restaurants, and at each meal a certain dish to be eaten and a certain wine, of which he was very fond, to be drunk. Furthermore, his memory was to be toasted at dessert, the five companions were to dine in black clothes and black gloves, and enter the room preceded by a flag and the music of an accordion.

A Fanny Sight.

An English paper says that the hat of a certain short sighted master at Eton blew off one day, and as he started in pursuit a black hen dashed out of the gateway. The schoolmaster saw the hen, and thought it was his hat, and all Eton was electrified by the spectacle of a hatless and breathless reverend man hunting a black hen from one end of the street to the other.

Jews of the World.

The Jewish year book estimates that there are about 11,000,000 Jews in the world, half of them still under Russian jurisdiction, notwithstanding their wholesale expulsion from the empire. Of the race in general it may be said that, numerically speaking, it is extremely small for its age, its chance of getting bigger apparently not increasing with its years.

War Correspondents.

War correspondents were employed as far back as the time of Richard II. Series, specially commissioned, were sent up with the English army, which invaded Scotland at that time. But, incredible as it may seem, not one of the London newspapers was specially represented at the battle of Waterloo.

Re-Use of Bibles.

A raffle for Bibles takes place every year in the parish church of St. Ives, in Huntingdonshire. This quaint custom has been observed for 200 years.

Seven Sutherland Sisters



18 Desbrosses Street, New York City.

Seven Sutherland Sisters

18 Desbrosses Street, New York City.

Granite State

Fire Insurance Company

OF PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

Paid-Up Capital, \$200,000

OFFICERS:

President, FRANK JONES;

Vice President, JOHN W. SANBORN

Secretary, ALFRED F. HOWARD;

Asst. Secretary, JOHN W. EMERY

Treasurer, JUSTIN V. HANSCOM;

Executive Committee, FRANK JONES

JOHN W. SANBORN, CHARLES A.

SINCLAIR, ALBERT WALLACE

and E. H. WINCHESTER.

Buy Now!

Have just received a new lot of

Buggies of all descriptions, Milk Wag-

ons, Steam Laundry Wagons, Store

Wagons and Stomachs Carriages.

Also a large line of New and Second-Hand

Harnesses, Single and Double, Heavy

and Light, and I will sell them

at Very Low Prices.

Don't drop around and look them, if you

want to buy.

THOMAS McCUE,

Stone Stable - Fleet Street

Isles of Shoals S. S. Co.

SEASON OF 1899.

TIME TABLE

Commencing June 24, 1899.

Portsmouth and Isles of Shoals

STEAMER VIKING.

LEAVES PORTSMOUTH, wharf foot of Deer

street, for Isles of Shoals at 8:10 and 11:30 a.

m. and 5:40 p. m. Sundays at 10:45 a. m. and

5:00 p. m.

LEAVES APPELDORE, ISLES OF SHOALS,

for Portsmouth at 6:00 and 6:15 a. m. and 3:25

p. m. Sundays at 8:45 a. m. and 3:30 p. m.

Touch at OCEANIC STAR ISLAND, going and

coming.

Fare for Round Trip, 50 Cents. (Good on day

of issue only.) Single Fare 50 Cents.

TIME TABLE.

STEAMER COLUMBIA.

Steamer Columbia leaves Fernald's

wharf (near Appleboro wharf) for Green-

acre at:

8:00 A. M.

11:20 "

2:45 P. M.

5:30 "

For Pocahontas, Kittery Point and

Newcastle, at:

8:45 A. M.

12:15 P. M.

3:35 "

5:55 "

First Installment

FALL PLAID DRESS GOODS

Have Arrived.

LEWIS E. STAPLES,

7 Market Street.

THE ORIENT Guarantee

"We agree with the purchaser of each ORIENT bicycle to make good by repair or replacement when delivered at our factory during the current year, transportation prepaid, any imperfection or defect in material or manufacture of such bicycle, etc."

Compare this with the guarantee of any other wheel on the market.

LIGHT ROADSTER. \$50.00.

PHILBRICK'S BICYCLE STORE.

FRANKLIN BLOCK,

Portsmouth, N. H.

SUMMER TOURISTS SHOULD NOT FAIL TO VISIT THE ISLES OF SHOALS

Season Now Open.

THE APPLEDORE

Under the personal management of Mr. Oscar Loughton.

THE OCEANIC

Always especially attractive for Portsmouth people, will be managed this season by Hon. Christopher E. Ryves, a former and most successful proprietor.

STEAMER VIKING

Makes three trips daily. See time table on another column.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

Islington Street.....	\$10,000
Middle Street.....	7,000
Richards Avenue.....	\$6,000
State Street.....	\$5,000
Daniel Street.....	\$3,000
Bridge Street.....	2,500
Madison Street.....	2,000
St. Vernon Street.....	1,700
Wentworth Street.....	1,500
Spaulding Street.....	1,400
Jefferson Street.....	1,300
School Street.....	1,200
Deane Street.....	1,100
Water Street.....	1,000
Stark Street.....	900

Also Dwellings, Farms, House Lots, etc., in all neighboring towns.

TOBEY'S

Real Estate Agency,

32 Congress Street,

Portsmouth, N. H.

The scarcity and continued high price of Havana tobacco has had no effect on the quantity of

THE CELEBRATED

7-20-4

10 CENT CIGARS.

They have always maintained their high standard. Strictly hand-made. Sumatra wrapper and long Havana filler. For sale by all first-class dealers.

At Wholesale in Portsmouth by

ED S. WHITELL, J. N. SWIFT,

Box and Market Sts. Bridge St.

R. G. SULLIVAN,

MANUFACTURER,

Manchester, N. H.

THE HERALD.

SATURDAY, SEPT. 6, 1890.

GENERAL WILLIAMS AND BURKE & BODKIN MUST ANSWER.

Some time ago an injunction was served by County Solicitor Hoyt of Rockingham county, against Gen. Charles Williams, owner of the Burke & Bodkin cafe at Massabesic lake, and against Proprietors Burke & Bodkin. The injunction forbade the sale of malt liquor on the premises. Solicitor Hoyt has now secured from Judge J. E. Young of Exeter an order against them to show cause why they shall not be committed for contempt of court in violating the terms of the injunction. The matter will come up before Judge Young in Exeter next Friday, Sept. 13.

A SWEEPSTAKE RACE.

There is to be a grand sweepstake race at the Portsmouth Yacht club on Firemen's day, for yachts of the first class. The members and yacht owners are enthusiastic over the affair and it promises to be the biggest race of the season in these waters. The course will be from the club house, down the harbor and out around the bell buoy and return. With any kind of a breeze this will give the yachts the best chance to show their sailing qualities. Fuller particulars of the race will be given later.

A BAD PRACTICE.

The bicyclists of the city are very vigorous in their protests against the practice of throwing glass into the streets. The practice is general in certain parts of the city, and has cost bicyclists several dollars to repair their punctured tires. In the daytime they can see the glass, if it has not been ground too fine, but at night it is impossible to see it and disabled wheels are the result.

CONTRACT CLOSED.

J. Warren Towle, Esq., of Exeter, was in town on Friday and closed the contract with U. D. Tenney for a full-length portrait in oil of Daniel Webster for the Rockingham county bar. The painting will be a copy of the celebrated portrait of Mr. Webster in Harvard college, and Mr. Tenney will go to Boston next week to engage upon the work.

IT DIDN'T WORK.

The sharpers on the trains are thick now. The other day a well known local gentleman going to Boston was approached and asked to play cards. He soon had a remarkable good hand and was invited to bet on it. The old gag did not work. They are playing all manner of swindles, and unless a man is careful he is liable to soon part with his money.

IT IS BOUND TO BE BUILT.

The statement in the Herald that an electric road would be built to New-castle even if the Boston & Maine did not care to build it has started many newspaper articles. Mark the Herald prediction, you will find it strictly in keeping with other important statements which have always proven correct.

OCTOBER TERM.

The October term of the supreme court will be held in this city, beginning Tuesday, October 17th. Hon. Frank N. Parsons will be the presiding justice. The docket will be large and many cases of importance will come up for trial. There are at present thirty-five resident attorneys practicing at the Rockingham bar.

POLICE NEWS.

Stacy Haley, a young man, was arrested on Friday afternoon for an assault on William Phinney, the laundry man. The assault took place in the latter's laundry at Liberty bridge. Officer Robinson made the arrest and Haley was booked for trial.

TO BANQUET SEPT. 20TH.

The agents of the Frank Jones Brewing company are to enjoy their annual banquet at the Wentworth on the 20th. The gathering promises to be the largest in the history of these annual outings.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away. To quit tobacco easily and to ever be free of its influence, take No To. See the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or \$1. Cure guaranteed. Booklets and sample free. Address: Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

Diphtheria, sore throat, croup. Instant relief, permanent cure. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. At any drug store.

BRADMAN'S PILLS for Stomach and Liver ills.

THE TABLE TALK.

The affable Chick, who has become the owner of the news fruit and cigar stand in the P. K. and Y. waiting room on Badger's island, has progressive ideas. He believes that a few band concerts in the summer would be a good thing on the island, and he has set the beetle buzzing in the bonnet of Supt. Meloon of the P. K. and Y. with the prospect that a band stand, and possibly a small pavilion, may be erected near the ferry landing next season.

The Dolphin attracted general attention from the passengers on the P. K. and Y. cars as she lay in the lower harbor Friday afternoon. They were afforded an excellent view of her. All sorts of surmises were offered concerning the purpose of her visit. One man affirmed that Secretary Long was on board and that he was to be tendered a big banquet at the Rockingham. Somebody else decided that the secretary was just on a pleasure trip and would keep out of sight lest the bosses at Washington should call him down for neglecting his work. "What a snap he has, any way," remarked a woman with a stub nose. "That boat's all his and he can go anywhere and at any time he wants to."

Some idea of the increase of the telephone business in this city may be gained from the fact that three girls are now required in the local exchange to do the day work that one used to handle two or three years ago. It is imperative that the present quarters be forsaken. They have never been adequate. Portsmouth should have, at least, as commodious and attractive an exchange as Concord, Laconia and Nashua, and the new location in the Philbrick block will fill the bill finely.

I know many people always laugh sarcastically when they see Uncle Tom's Cabin billed for the opera house. It has gone stale, they say, and ought to be taken off the circuit. Perhaps, but just as many little folks derive pleasure now from Eva, Topsy, old Uncle Tom and the bloodhounds as when the familiar play was first staged. And I have noticed that quite a number of grown-up people, too, like to look in upon the performance whenever it comes around.

In Manchester Labor day, I had a chat with Mattie Hickey, the crack-jack second baseman whom Seale of the Boston bought from Irwin of the Manchester. We stood in front of the Park theatre, and this is what he told me about Walter Woods: "That young fellow is one in a thousand. He has no use for tobacco, he never swears, he isn't mouthy or cranky, but he plays the game for all there is in it. I know him, and I know that he ought to be in a leading team—not down in the second division. He isn't self conceited, and he is reliable. Woods is all right in the box, at the bat, in the field and on the baselines."

There will be some stiff joints among the members of the Portsmouth Athletic club after that baseball game Monday. Most of the players will be lame for several days. The sport has been so dormant here this season that its devotees have had no practice, and when they jump into such a fierce struggle as this one is certain to be, the only natural results expected are plasters, witch hazel and limps.

It appears that Brakeman Marsh had a presentiment of the accident which befell him at the overhead bridge near Rockingham Junction. That morning, when he left his home in Manchester, he parted from his wife with more than usual solicitude and said to her, "Now if any thing happens to me, don't go near the railroad." Three hours afterward he was lying on a lumber car, unconscious, with a crushed forehead.

Gradually the newspapers hereabouts are coming out and declaring their political stand. The Old York Transcript this week opened its artillery upon Amos Allen, who aspires to succeed the Hon. Tom Reed in Congress, and Friday the Exeter Gazette announced its opposition to Congressman Salloway. We are patiently waiting to hear from the York Courant, the Hampton Breeze and the Newmarket Advertiser. Will they kindly puff in their trombones and relieve this suspense?

The most effective cartoon that I have seen in a long time appeared in the Washington Star one day this week. It depicts Dreyfus sinking in a quicksand with his arms outstretched appealingly to two military figures representing Germany and Italy, who stand on a rise of land and make no move to assist him. It is a rebuke, of course, to the German and Italian governments for refusing to present the evidence in their possession which would acquit Dreyfus and reveal the real traitor. If Dreyfus should be again convicted, those two countries would deserve the scorn and indignation of the whole world.

France ought to go up in fire if Dreyfus is condemned on the ridiculous, lying evidence that has been trumped up against him. It has not been a fair trial. Dreyfus' attorneys have repeatedly been disgracefully snubbed and insulted by the bunch of biased judges and the poor puppet of a president of the court. The whole thing has been a farce. In return for this shameful thing let France be taught a severe lesson. Her big show that is due next year ought to be ignored, even as the appeals of Dreyfus and Labori for a fair trial have been unheeded. If she wants a show, let her get it up alone. Let its only patronage come from her own confines. Foggy.

PERSONALS.

William G. Wiggin continues to hold his own.

Miss Edith Tufts of Dover has been in town today.

Freeman Ham of South Berwick was in town today.

Miss Grace Norton of Staples' will start on her vacation on Monday.

Miss Mabel Jenkins has returned after at two weeks' visit in Boston and vicinity.

Miss Annie Harrison has returned home from a visit to friends in Haverhill, Mass.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles G. Eastman have taken up their residence on Wilbur street.

Mrs. William Fernald, nee Neal, of Roxbury, Mass., is visiting her mother on Daniel street.

Miss Izetta Locke has returned to Concord after a vacation passed in Kittery and Portsmouth.

Miss M. Louise Bennett leaves today on a week's visit to Mrs. Fred Simpson at Melrose Highlands.

Mr. G. Ralph Loughton and family are sojourning for a few days at the Club house, Wallis sands.

Miss Nellie Keene of Kittery, who has been passing the summer in New London, Conn., returned home Friday.

Ernest Wiggin, Timothy Hasey, E. Forest Hall and Fred Smith were among the Dover people here today.

Mrs. J. V. B. Bleeker and daughter have returned from a month's stay at their summer home in Newport, R. I.

Mrs. William M. Edson and three children, Harold, May and Margaret, are visiting relatives in Yarmouth, Me.

Mr. and Mrs. John A. McHenry and Miss Leolia McHenry of New Haven, Conn., are the guests of friends in town.

Mrs. Sarah Gordon and Mr. Isaac Wetherell, State street, have returned from a four weeks' stay at Newport, R. I.

Mrs. B. F. Lombard, who has been the guest of her mother, Mrs. Wilson, in Newfield, Me., is expected home today.

Miss Carrie Merriam of Brooklyn, New York, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. George Heaton, Newcastle avenue.

Superintendent Winslow T. Perkins of the Eastern division of the Boston & Maine railroad, was here on Friday on business.

Charles E. Locke and Elbridge C. Jacobs of Boston, who are passing a few days here, have gone to Ogunquit for a short stay.

The news of the sudden death of Rear Admiral Pickens was learned with deep regret in this city, where he was well known.

Mr. Arthur Abbott, who has been telegraph operator at Passaconaway Inn for the past summer, has returned to his home in this city.

Mark Hartford and wife of Manchester, who have been passing two weeks in this city, left for a visit at Welling-ton, Mass., Saturday morning.

Richard S. Haley of Portsmouth and Josephine Hathaway of this city were united in marriage today by City Clerk Quimby.—Dover Republican, 8th.

J. Byron Shannon is the guest of F. C. Hardy at the latter's home in Lowell, Mass. Mr. Hardy was the night clerk at Passaconaway Inn the past summer.

Miss Grace M. Kennison left for Farmington, N. H., on Friday, where she will be the guest of Mrs. Carrie Knox, teacher at the Franklin school in this city.

Mr. U. D. Tenney, the artist, is painting a portrait of General Cilley, one of New Hampshire's Revolutionary heroes, for Mrs. Arthur Clark of Manchester, a descendant of General Cilley.

Mrs. Arthur W. Walker entertained a few of her friends with a card party on Friday afternoon, in honor of Miss Lesley of Chattanooga, Tennessee, who is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Walker.

Mr. and Mrs. David Drake of Danvers, Mass., who are spending the week with relatives in this city and Rye, will return on Sunday. They made the journey to this city over the road by carriage.

Electrician Harry E. Trafton is the guest of Eugene F. Phillips, Esq., general manager of the American Electrical works of Providence, R. I., at their twenty-first annual clam bake, held in that city on Friday.

Show Art. Your Kidneys Dr. Hobb's Special Kidney Pills. No. 125. 25c. 50c. 75c. 1.00. 1.50. 2.00. 2.50. 3.00. 3.50. 4.00. 4.50. 5.00. 5.50. 6.00. 6.50. 7.00. 7.50. 8.00. 8.50. 9.00. 9.50. 10.00. 10.50. 11.00. 11.50. 12.00. 12.50. 13.00. 13.50. 14.00. 14.50. 15.00. 15.50. 16.00. 16.50. 17.00. 17.50. 18.00. 18.50. 19.00. 19.50. 20.00. 20.50. 21.00. 21.50. 22.00. 22.50. 23.00. 23.50. 24.00. 24.50. 25.00. 25.50. 26.00. 26.50. 27.00. 27.50. 28.00. 28.50. 29.00. 29.50. 30.00. 30.50. 31.00. 31.50. 32.00. 32.50. 33.00. 33.50. 34.00. 34.50. 35.00. 35.50. 36.00. 36.50. 37.00. 37.50. 38.00. 38.50. 39.00. 39.50. 40.00. 40.50. 41.00. 41.50. 42.00. 42.50. 43.00. 43.50. 44.00. 44.50. 45.00. 45.50. 46.00. 46.50. 47.00. 47.50. 48.00. 48.50. 49.00. 49.50. 50.00. 50.50. 51.00. 51.50. 52.00. 52.50. 53.00. 53.50. 54.00. 54.50. 55.00. 55.50. 56.00. 56.50. 57.00. 57.50. 58.00. 58.50. 59.00. 59.50. 60.00. 60.50. 61.00. 61.50. 62.00. 62.50. 63.00. 63.50. 64.00. 64.50. 65.00. 65.50. 66.00. 66.50. 67.00. 67.50. 68.00. 68.50. 69.00. 69.50. 70.00. 70.50. 71.00. 71.50. 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